



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore - 35

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

UNIT - I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS

STUDENTS t- TEST :

PROCEDURE !

Step 1: Formulate to and H,

step a: Los at ary.

Olip 3: Test Statistic t.

step 4: calculate trab for degrees of freedom at level of

step 5 : Conclusion.

JEST JOR SINGLE MEAN

Nall hypothesis: Ho: \mu = Ho.

Test Statistic, E = n- 1 if 80 is given.

E = 72- H & SD is not given.

Fo find g: $S^{2} = \underbrace{S(n-\overline{n})^{2}}_{n-1}$

Degrees & Freedom: v=n-1

NOTE: Confrélence Limit: 2 ± t x & $\sqrt{n-1}$





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1) A eardom sample of to boys had the following Ig's. 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100. Do these data support the assumption of a population mean Ig's of 100? Find a reservable lange la which most of the mean Ig's value a sample 10' bogs.

Soln: given: n=10, µ=100

T = 70+120+110+101 +88+88+95+98+107+100

70 finds: 82= 5 (n-x)2

M: 70 120 110 101 88 83 95 98 107 100

カーア ! ーマチン まる.8 12.8 3.8 -9.2 -14.2 -2.2 0.8 9.8 2.8

(n-n)2: 739.84 519.84 163.84 14.44 84.64 201.64 4.84 0.64 96.04 7.81

$$\frac{10 \cdot 10^2}{10 - 1} = \frac{5 (n - \pi)^2}{10 - 1} = \frac{1833 \cdot 6}{10 - 1}$$

$$= 203.73$$

=> S = 14.24.





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steps: formulating Ho and Hi!

Ho: µ = 100 = 1 4 0 HI: M \$ 100 (+no failed test)

stipe: Los. at x = 5% = 0.05.

step 3: Test Statetic, t = n-M 8/Vn

14.29/10

= -0.62

1t1 = 0.62.

step 4: Etab for degree of freedom, N = n-1 V = 10-1=9

a) t tab: 2.262 (tx)

Step 5: conclusion: E=0.62 < 2.262 = tx

: Ho is accepted at 5% Los.

a: the population mean 19's & 100.





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Confidence limit!

$$\mu = \bar{\chi} + E_{\chi} \frac{8}{\sqrt{n-1}}$$

= $97.2 \pm 2.262 \times \frac{14.27}{\sqrt{10-1}}$
= 97.2 ± 10.759
= $107.95, 86.45$.

2) A sample of 26 tube lights gives a mean life of 990 hour with a standard oleviation of 20 hours. The company claims that the mean life of tube lights & 1000 hours. In the sample upto the specifications?

Soln: given: n=26, 7 = 990, s=20, µ=1000

step 1: formulating Ho and HI:

Ho: H= 1000 one Hailed Test)

step 2: Los at x = 5%.

slip 8: Test Statutie, E = 2-4 s/Vn-1





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$$= \frac{990 - 1000}{20/\sqrt{36-1}} = -2.5$$

1H = 2.5

Step 4: Etab for degree of freed, v=n-1=26-1=25

(Ltab: Ex = 107080 (thotaided at 10%) KNYHJZD ASH step 5: conclusion: E = 2.5 > 0.864 = to

.. Ho is rejected at 5 /- Los.

(i) the sample is not up to the specifications.

3) the weight of 10 peoples of a locality are found to be 70, 67, 62, 68, 61, 68, 70, 64, 64, 66 leg it is lesonable to believe that The average weights of people locality expeates than 64 kg. test at 5% los.

9 ofn: given: n=10, µ=64

n = 66

to find s:

$$S^2 = \leq (n - \bar{n})^2$$





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$$n: 40 67 62 68 61 68 70 64 64 66$$
 $n: n: 4 1 -4 2 -5 2 4 -2 -2 0$
 $n: n: 16 1 16 4 25 4 16 4 4 0$

$$E(n: n: n: 2 = 90$$

$$S = 2(n: n: 2)^{2} = 90$$

$$S = 3.16$$

Step 1: Formulating Ho and Hi:

H1: H > 64 (one tailed test - eight)

stepa: Los at x=5%.





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Step 4: tab for degree of freedram, V = n-1= 10-1

= 9

(a) tab: $t_{\chi} = 1.833$ (at two tailed at 10 %)

(no table) $t_{\chi} = 10.9149$ (at one toickelet of)

step 5: Conclusion: $t_{\chi} = 2.02 > 0.9165 = t_{\chi}$ i. Ho & rejected at 5 % Los

a) the avg. weight of people locality is executed

than 64, leg.