

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore-35. An Autonomous Institution

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING
COURSE CODE & NAME: 23CST205 - Object Oriented Programming Using Java

II YEAR/ III SEMESTER

UNIT – II INTRODUCTION TO JAVA

Topic: BASICS OF JAVA PROGRAMMING-OPERATORS







- Operators are used to perform operations on variables and values.
- In the example below, we use the + operator to add together two values:
- Example

```
int x = 100 + 50;
```

- Although the + operator is often used to add together two values, like in the example above, it can also be used to add together a variable and a value, or a variable and another variable:
- Example

```
int sum1 = 100 + 50; // 150 (100 + 50)
int sum2 = sum1 + 250; // 400 (150 + 250)
int sum3 = sum2 + sum2; // 800 (400 + 400)
```







Java divides the operators into the following groups:

- Arithmetic operators
- Assignment operators
- Comparison operators
- Logical operators
- Bitwise operators







• Arithmetic operators are used to perform common mathematical operations.

Operator	Name	Description	Example
+	Addition	Adds together two values	x + y
-	Subtraction	Subtracts one value from another	x - y
*	Multiplication	Multiplies two values	x * y
/	Division	Divides one value by another	x / y
%	Modulus	Returns the division remainder	x % y
++	Increment	Increases the value of a variable by 1	++x
	Decrement	Decreases the value of a variable by 1	x



Assignment Operators



• Assignment operators are used to assign values to variables.

Operator	Example	Same As
=	x = 5	x = 5
+=	x += 3	x = x + 3
-=	x -= 3	x = x - 3
*=	x *= 3	x = x * 3
/=	x /= 3	x = x / 3
% =	x %= 3	x = x % 3
&=	x &= 3	x = x & 3
=	x = 3	x = x 3
^=	x ^= 3	x = x ^ 3
>>=	x >>= 3	x = x >> 3
<<=	x <<= 3	x = x << 3



Comparison Operators



- Comparison operators are used to compare two values (or variables).
- The return value of a comparison is either true or false. These values are known as Boolean values.

Operator	Name	Example
==	Equal to	x == y
!=	Not equal	x != y
>	Greater than	x > y
<	Less than	x < y
>=	Greater than or equal to	x >= y
<=	Less than or equal to	x <= y



Logical Operators



- Logical operators are used to determine the logic between variables or values:
- You can also test for true or false values with logical operators.

Operator	Name	Description	Example
&&	Logical and	Returns true if both statements are true	x < 5 && x < 10
II	Logical or	Returns true if one of the statements is true	x < 5 x < 4
!	Logical not	Reverse the result, returns false if the result is true	!(x < 5 && x < 10)







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