19ASB304 - COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS FOR AEROSPACE APPLICATION

Question Bank

UNIT IV - FINITE VOLUME TECHNIQUES

Part A – 2 Mark Questions (Remembering, Understanding, and Applying Levels)

- 1. What is the Finite Volume Method (FVM)? (*Remembering*)
- 2. Define cell-centered formulation in FVM. (Understanding)
- 3. What is Lax-Wendroff time stepping? (*Understanding*)
- 4. Explain Runge-Kutta time stepping in numerical methods. (Understanding)
- 5. What is multi-stage time stepping? (*Applying*)
- 6. Define accuracy in cell vertex formulation. (Understanding)
- 7. Differentiate between cell-centered and cell-vertex formulations. (*Analyzing*)
- 8. What are FDM-like finite volume techniques? (*Understanding*)
- 9. Explain central vs upwind-type discretization. (Applying)
- 10. What is the role of derivative treatment in finite volume techniques? (Understanding)

Part B – 16 Mark Questions (Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, and Creating Levels)

1. Explain the finite volume method (FVM) and its advantages over other numerical techniques. (*Applying*)

2. Describe the cell-centered formulation and derive its governing equations. (*Analyzing*)

3. Explain in detail the Lax-Wendroff time stepping method and its application in CFD. (*Applying*)

4. Discuss the Runge-Kutta time stepping method and compare its stages. (Analyzing)

5. Illustrate multi-stage time stepping and its significance in numerical solutions. (*Applying*)

6. Compare cell-vertex and cell-centered formulations in terms of accuracy and stability. *(Evaluating)*

7. Explain the concept of FDM-like finite volume techniques and their applications. (*Applying*)

8. Analyze the differences between central and upwind-type discretization techniques. *(Analyzing)*

9. Derive the governing equations for derivative treatment in finite volume methods. *(Creating)*

10. Critically evaluate the advantages and limitations of multi-stage time stepping in CFD. *(Evaluating)*