

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna Úniversity, Chennai Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A++' Grade (Cycle III) & Colombia (B.E - CSE, EEE, ECE, Mech & Colombia (B.E - CSE), TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

UNIT - V

| Unit - V / Part - A / 2 Marks | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|-----|--|--|--|
| S.No | Questions | Mark Splitup | K - Level | co | | | |
| 1. | Define Laplace Transform of $f(t)$. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 2. | Change of scale of Laplace Transform. (or) If $L[f(t)] = F(s)$, then $L[f(at)] = \frac{1}{a} F(\frac{s}{a})$, $a > 0$. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 3. | State and prove First Shifting property. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 4. | Find L[t sin at] | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 5. | Find $L[t^2e^{-3t}]$ | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 6. | L[sin ² 2t] | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 7. | Find L[sin 5t cos 2t] | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 8. | Find $L\left[\frac{\sin at}{t}\right]$. Hence, show that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{2}$ | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 9. | Find $L[te^{-t}\sin t]$ | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 10. | Find L[t sin 3t cos 2t] | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 11. | Find the inverse Laplace Transforms of $\frac{s-3}{s^2+4s+13}$ | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 12. | State Initial and Final value theorems. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 13. | Find the Laplace Transform of Unit step function. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 14. | Verify the Initial value theorem for the function $f(t) = as^{-bt}$. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |
| 15. | State Convolution Theorem in Laplace Transform. | 2 | K1 | CO5 | | | |

| Unit - V / Part - B / 16, 8 Marks | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------|-----|--|--|
| S.No | Questions | Marks Splitup | K - Level | 00 | | |
| 1. | Find $L\left[\frac{\cos at - \cos bt}{t}\right]$ | 8 | К2 | C05 | | |
| 2. | Find $L\left[\frac{1-e^{t}}{t}\right]$ | œ | K2 | C05 | | |
| 3. | Verify the initial and final value theorem for the function $f(t) = 1 + e^{-t} (sint + cost)$. | 4 | К2 | C05 | | |
| 4. | Verify the initial and final value theorem for the function $f(t) = 3s^{-2t}$. | 4 | К2 | C05 | | |
| 5. | Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function $f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t \le a \\ 2a - t, & a < t \le 2a \end{cases} \text{ and } f(t + 2a) = f(t).$ | 8 | K2 | C05 | | |
| 6. | Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function $f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t, & 1 < t \le 2 \end{cases} \text{ and } f(t + 2) = f(t).$ | 8 | K2 | C05 | | |



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| 7. | Find the Laplace transform of the square wave given by $f(t) = \begin{cases} E, & 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \\ -E, & \frac{T}{2} \le t \le T \end{cases} \text{ and } f(t+T) = f(t).$ | 8 | К2 | C05 |
|-----|---|----|----|-----|
| 8. | Find the Laplace transform of the square wave given by $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t < \frac{a}{2} \\ -1, & \frac{a}{2} \le t \le a \end{cases} \text{ and } f(t+a) = f(t).$ | 8 | К2 | C05 |
| 9. | Find the Laplace transform of the half wave rectifier $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin \omega t, & 0 < t \le \frac{\pi}{\omega} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{\omega} < t < \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \end{cases}, \text{ and } f\left(t + \frac{2\pi}{\omega}\right) = f(t).$ | 00 | K2 | C05 |
| 10. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | CO5 |
| 11. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{x^2}{(x^2+4)(x^2+9)}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | C05 |
| 12. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | C05 |
| 13. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+1)}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | C05 |
| 14. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | CO5 |
| 15. | Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right]$ | 8 | K2 | C05 |
| 16. | Solve the difference equation $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = e^{-t}$ with $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = 0$, using Laplace transform. | 8 | K2 | C05 |
| 17. | Using Laplace transform, solve $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 9y = \cos 2t$ given $y(0) = 1$, $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = -1$. | 8 | К2 | C05 |
| 18. | Solve $y'' + 5y' + 6y = 2$, $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 0$ using Laplace transform. | 8 | K2 | CO5 |
| 19. | Using Laplace transforms, solve $y'' + y' = t^2 + 2t$, $y(0) = 4$, $y'(0) = -2$. | 8 | К2 | CO5 |
| 20. | Using Laplace transform, solve $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = e^{-3t}$ given $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = -1$ | œ | K2 | C05 |
| 21. | Solve $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 3\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 2$, given $x = 0$ and $\frac{dx}{dt} = 5$ for $t = 0$, using Laplace transform method. | 8 | К2 | C05 |