

## SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)
Coimbatore— 35

#### **DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

#### UNIT-V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

# EULER METHOD:

$$y_1 = y_0 + h_{\frac{3}{4}}(y_0, y_0)$$
 for the interval  $(x_0, y_0)$   
 $y_2 = y_1 + h_{\frac{3}{4}}(y_1, y_1)$  ...  $(x_1, y_1)$ 

Yn+1 = Yn + ha (sin, yn) 11 1, (xn, yn)

where n = 0, 1, 2, ....

This formula is called Euler's algorithm.

(i) using Euler's method find y(0,2) and y(0,4) from

dy = x+y, y(0)=1 with h=0.2.

Soln: dy = f(x,y) = x+y

Here no=0, yo=1, h=0.2. x1=02. y1=?

x2=0.4 y1=?



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$$y_2 = y_1 + A_2(x_1, y_1)$$
  
= 1.05+(0.05) [x\_1+y\_1+x\_1y\_1]  
= 1.05+(0.05) [0.05+1.05+0.05x1.05]  
 $y(0.1) = 1.0527$ 

(3) Using Euler's method find the soln of the initial value problem dy = log (n+y), y(0) = 2 at n=0.2 by assuming th=0.2.

Soln: y(0.2) = 2.0602.