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APPLICATIONS OF NANOTECHNOLOGY

Empathy questions

- 1. How might the use of nanotechnology in medicine affect patient trust and the doctor-patient relationship?
- 2. What concerns do people have about the long-term effects of nanomaterials on their health and the environment?
- 3. How can we ensure that nanotechnology-based treatments are accessible and safe for all socioeconomic groups?
- 4. What are the potential environmental consequences of widespread nanotechnology use, and how can we mitigate them?
- 5. How might communities be affected by the disposal and degradation of nanomaterials?
- 6. How do people perceive the risks and benefits of nanotechnology in environmental cleanup and conservation efforts?

APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS (OR) NANOPARTICLES

- ➤ Nano-technologyfindssignificantimpactonallmostalltheindustriesandall areas of society.
- Since nano-materials possess unique beneficial chemical, physical and mechanical properties, they can be used for a wide variety of applications

I. INDUSTRIES

(i) As Catalyst

> It depends on the surface area of the material. As nano-particles have an appreciable fraon of their atom at the surface, its catalytic activity is good.

Example: Bulk gold is chemically inert; whereas gold nano-particles have excellent catalytic property.

(ii) In water purification

Nano-filtration makes use of nano-porous membranes having pores smaller than 10nm. Dissolved solid sand colour producing organic compounds can be filtered very

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easily from water.

➤ Magnetic nano-particles are effective in removing heavy metal contamination from waste water.

(iii) In fabric industry

- > The production of smart-clothing is possible by putting an ano-coating on the fabric.
- Embedding of nano-particles on fabric makes them stain repellent.
- ➤ Sockswithembeddedsilvernano-particlesfillsallthebacteriaandmakesit odour free.

(iv) In Automobiles

- ➤ Incorporation of small amount of nano-particles in car bumpers can make them stronger than steel.
- > Specially designed nano-particles are used as fuel additive to lower consumption in vehicles.

(v) In food industry

➤ The inclusion of nano-particles in food contact materials can be used to generate novel type of packing materials and containers.

(vi) In energy sector

In solar power, nano-technology reduces the cost of photovoltaic cells by 10 to 100 times.

II. In Electronics

- Quantum wires are found to have high electrical conductivity.
- ➤ The integrated memory circuits have been found to be effective devices.
- ➤ A transistor called NOMFET,(Nanoparticle organic memory field effect transistor) is created by combining gold nano particles with organic molecules.
- \triangleright Nanowires are used to build transistors without *p-n* junctions.
- Nanoradios are the other important devices, using carbon nanotubes.
- ➤ MOSFET (Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor), performs both as switches and as amplifiers.



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III. Medicine

- Nanodrugs: Nanomaterials are used as nanodrugs for the cancer and TB therapy.
- ➤ **Laboratories on a chip:** Nanotechnology is used in the production of laboratories on a chip.
- ➤ Nano-medibots: Nanoparticles function as nano-medibots that release anti- cancer drug and treat cancer.
- ➤ Gold-coated nanoshells: It converts light into heat, enabling the destruction of tumours.
- ➤ Gold nanoparticles as sensors: Gold nano particles undergo colour change during the transition of nano particles.
- **Protein analysis**: Protein analysis can also be done using nano materials.
- Gold nanoshells for blood immunoassay: Gold nano shells are used for blood immuno assay.
- ➤ Gold nanoshells in imaging: Optical properties of the gold nano shells are utilized for both imaging and therapy.
- > Targeted drug delivery using gold nanoparticles: It involves slow and selective release of drugs to the targeted organs.
- **Repairing work:** Nanotechnology is used to partially repair neurological damage.