

Multiplication of large Integers

NO.
DATE

Example :

23
 $a_0 a_1$

14
 $b_0 b_1$

$$n = 2$$

$$n^2 = 4 \text{ Multi}$$

$$23 = (2 \times 10^1) + (3 \times 10^0)$$

$$14 = (1 \times 10^1) + (4 \times 10^0)$$

$$23 \times 14$$

$$[(2 \times 10^1) + (3 \times 10^0)] \times [(1 \times 10^1) + (4 \times 10^0)]$$

$$(2 \times 1) 10^2 + \underbrace{[(2 \times 4) + (3 \times 1)]}_{8+3=11} 10^1 + (3 \times 4) 10^0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (2 \times 4) + (3 \times 1) & = & (2+3) \times (4+1) - 2 \times 1 - & & \\ a_0 b_1 & a_1 b_0 & & & 3 \times 4 \end{array}$$

$$= 5 \times 5 - (2 + 12)$$

$$= 25 - 14 = 11 //$$

$$c = a \times b = \underline{c_2} 10^2 + \underline{c_1} 10^1 + \underline{c_0}$$

$$c_2 = 2 \times 1 \Rightarrow a_0 \times b_0$$

$$c_0 = 3 \times 4 \Rightarrow a_1 \times b_1$$

$$c_1 = (a_0 + a_1) \times (b_0 + b_1) - (c_2 + c_0)$$

$$c = a \times b = c_2 10^{n^2} + c_1 10^{n^2-1} + c_0$$