

## Expectation-Maximization – EM Algorithm Solved Example

- Expectation-Maximization (EM) – a very popular technique for estimating parameters of probabilistic models.
- Many popular algorithms like Hidden Markov Models, Gaussian Mixtures, Kalman Filters, and others uses EM technique.
- It is beneficial **when working with data that is incomplete, has missing data points, or has unobserved latent variables.**

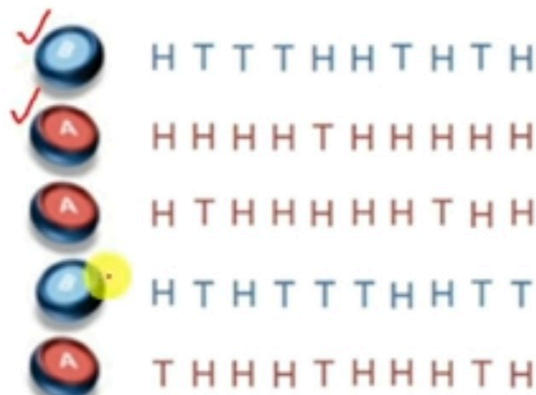
## Expectation-Maximization – EM Algorithm Solved Example

- Assume that we have two coins, C1 and C2
- Assume the bias of  $C_1$  is  $\theta_1$  (i.e., probability of getting heads with  $C_1$ )
- Assume the bias of  $C_2$  is  $\theta_2$  (i.e., probability of getting heads with  $C_2$ )
- We want to find  $\theta_1, \theta_2$  by performing a number of trials (i.e., coin tosses)

# Expectation-Maximization – EM Algorithm Solved Example

First experiment

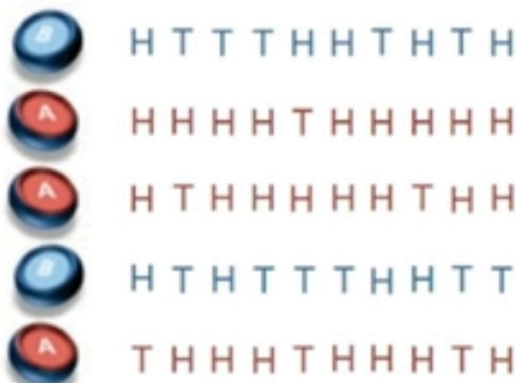
- We choose 5 times one of the coins.
- We toss the chosen coin 10 times



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First experiment

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$$\theta_1 = \frac{\text{number of heads using C1}}{\text{total number of flips using C1}}$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{\text{number of heads using C2}}{\text{total number of flips using C2}}$$

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H T T T H H T H T H

H H H H T H H H H H

H T H H H H H T H H

H T H T T T H H T T

T H H H T H H H T H

Coin A	Coin B
	5 H, 5 T
9 H, 1 T	
8 H, 2 T	
	4 H, 6 T
7 H, 3 T	
24 H, 6 T	9 H, 11 T

$$\theta_1 = \frac{24}{24 + 6} = 0.8$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{9}{9 + 11} = 0.45$$

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