



UNIT-IV FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER TRANSFORM FOURIER SERIES-ODD AND EVEN FUNCTIONS $(-\pi, \pi)$

Problems on $(-\pi, \pi)$ and $(-l, l)$

① Odd function:

If $f(x)$ is said to be odd, then
 $f(-x) = -f(x)$. If $f(x)$ is an odd fn. then $\int_{-l}^l f(x) dx = 0$

Eg: $f(x) = x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$

Now $f(-x) = -x = -f(x) \Rightarrow f(x)$ is odd.

Egs: $x^3, \sin x, \tan^3 x$

② Even function:

If $f(x)$ is said to be even, then
 $f(-x) = f(x)$. If $f(x)$ is an even fn. then $\int_{-l}^l f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^l f(x) dx$

Eg: $f(x) = x^2, \cos x, \sin^2 x, |x|, |\sin x|, x \sin x$.



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Formula

$f(x)$ $(-\pi, \pi)$

odd $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$

1. $f(x) = x^2$ (even)
 $f(-x) = f(x)$ where $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$
 Here $a_0 = 0$ and $a_n = 0$

2. $f(x) = x \cos x$ (odd)
 Here $a_0 = 0$ and $a_n = 0$

3. $f(x) = x \sin x$ (even)
 $f(-x) = f(x)$ where $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$
 Here $a_0 = 0$ and $a_n = 0$

4. $f(x) = |x|$ (even)
 $a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx$
 $a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$
 Here $b_n = 0$

5. $f(x) = x$ (odd)
 $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$
 Here $a_0 = 0$ and $a_n = 0$

neither odd nor even

$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx]$

$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$

$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$

$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$

Note:

- odd function \times odd function = even function
- even \times even = even
- even \times odd = odd
- odd \times even = odd



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✓ ①
II. find the fourier series for $f(x) = |x|, (-\pi, \pi)$

Soln: :

$$f(x) = |x|$$

$$② f(x) = x, (-\pi, \pi)$$

$$\text{Now } f(-x) = |-x| = |x| = f(x)$$

$\Rightarrow f(x)$ is an even function. Hence $b_n = 0$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x dx \quad \because f(x) = |x| = x, (0, \pi)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$a_0 = \pi$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$

$$\int u v dx = u v_1 - u' v_2 + u'' v_3 - \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x & v &= \cos nx \\ u' &= 1 & v_1 &= \sin nx / n \\ u'' &= 0 & v_2 &= -\cos nx / n^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[x \frac{\sin nx}{n} + \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} + 0 \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{n^2 \pi} [(-1)^n - 1] = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ -\frac{4}{n^2 \pi}, & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin nx dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[x \left(-\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right) - 1 \left(-\frac{\sin nx}{n^2} \right) + 0 \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\pi \frac{(-1)^n}{n} - 0 \right]$$

$$b_n = -\frac{2(-1)^n}{n}$$



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$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2 \pi} [(-1)^n - 1] \cos nx$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=odd}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos nx$$

2]. Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = |\cos x|$, $(-\pi, \pi)$

Soln.:

$$f(x) = |\cos x| = \begin{cases} \cos x, & 0 < x < \pi/2 \\ -\cos x, & \pi/2 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Now } f(-x) = |\cos(-x)| = |\cos x| = f(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \text{ is even. } \Rightarrow b_n = 0$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} -\cos x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[(\sin x)_0^{\pi/2} - (\sin x)_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} [(1-0) - (0-1)]$$

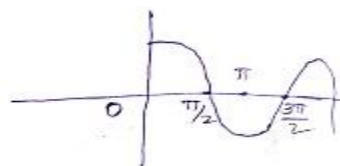
$$a_0 = \frac{4}{\pi}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x \cos nx dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos x \cos nx dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos nx \cos x dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos nx \cos x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} (\cos(nx+x) + \cos(nx-x)) dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} (\cos(nx+x) + \cos(nx-x)) dx \right]$$





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$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} [\cos(n+1)x + \cos(n-1)x] dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} [\cos(n+1)x + \cos(n-1)x] dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(\frac{\sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{\sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right)_0^{\pi/2} - \left(\frac{\sin(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{\sin(n-1)x}{n-1} \right)_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sin(n-1)\pi/2 \\ &= \sin(n\pi/2 - \pi/2) \\ &= \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= -\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \begin{aligned} & \sin(n+1)\pi/2 \\ &= \sin(n\pi/2 + \pi/2) \\ &= \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(\frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n+1} - \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n-1} \right) + \left(\frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n+1} - \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{n-1} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{\cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{\pi} \left[\frac{2}{n+1} - \frac{2}{n-1} \right] = \frac{2 \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}}{\pi} \left(\frac{n-1-n-1}{n^2-1} \right)$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ -\frac{4}{\pi(n^2-1)} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos x dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x \cos x dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos x \cos x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{1+\cos 2x}{2} \right) dx - \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \left(\frac{1+\cos 2x}{2} \right) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi} \left[\left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \right)_0^{\pi/2} - \left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \right)_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - (\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}) \right]$$

$$a_1 = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=\text{even}} \frac{1}{n^2-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos nx$$



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Q. Find the f.s for $f(x) = x^2$, $(-\pi, \pi)$. Deduce the

$$i) \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6} \quad ii) \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

$$iii) \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$

Soln.:

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$\text{Now, } f(-x) = (-x)^2 = x^2 = f(x)$$

$\Rightarrow f(x)$ is even $\Rightarrow b_n = 0$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{3} \pi^2$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cos nx dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x^2 & v &= \cos nx \\ u' &= 2x & v_1 &= \frac{\sin nx}{n} \\ u'' &= 2 & v_2 &= -\frac{\cos nx}{n^2} \\ u''' &= 0 & v_3 &= -\frac{\sin nx}{n^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[x^2 \frac{\sin nx}{n} - 2x \left(-\frac{\cos nx}{n^2} \right) + 2 \left(-\frac{\sin nx}{n^3} \right) - 0 \right]_{\pi}^0$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\frac{2\pi(-1)^n}{n^2} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{4(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos nx$$

i. Put $x = \pi$ is a point of discontinuity.

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{f(-\pi) + f(\pi)}{2} = \frac{(-\pi)^2 + \pi^2}{2} = \pi^2$$



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$$\pi^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} (-1)^n$$

$$\pi^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{3} = 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{2n}}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{2\pi^2}{3(4)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

11). Take $x=0$ is a point of continuity.

$$\therefore f(0) = 0$$

$$\therefore 0 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{-\pi^2}{3(4)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = -\frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

4. Find the Fourier series $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi}, & -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$

Hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$

Soln: $f(x) = \begin{cases} \phi_1(x), & -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ \phi_2(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$

$$\phi_1(x) = 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi}; \quad \phi_2(x) = 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}$$

$$\text{Now } \phi_1(-x) = 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi} = \phi_2(x)$$

$\Rightarrow f(x)$ is an even. $\Rightarrow b_n = 0$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[x - \frac{2x^2}{2\pi} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{2}{\pi} [(\pi - \pi) - 0]$$



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$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= 0 \\
 a_n &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx \\
 &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}\right) \cos nx \, dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l}
 u = 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi} & v = \cos nx \\
 u' = -\frac{2}{\pi} & v_1 = \frac{\sin nx}{n} \\
 u'' = 0 & v_2 = -\frac{\cos nx}{n^2}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\left(1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}\right) \frac{\sin nx}{n} - \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos nx}{n^2}\right) \right]_0^{\pi} \\
 &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\frac{2(-1)^n}{n^2 \pi} + \frac{2}{n^2 \pi} \right] = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{2}{n^2 \pi} \right) [1 - (-1)^n] \\
 &= \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} [1 - (-1)^n]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} \frac{8}{n^2 \pi^2}, & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ 0, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=\text{odd}}^{\infty} \frac{8}{n^2 \pi^2} \cos nx = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=\text{odd}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos nx$$

Take $x=0$ is a point of continuity.

$$\therefore f(0) = 1$$

$$1 = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=\text{odd}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$

Q. Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = |\sin x|$, $(-\pi, \pi)$

$$\text{ii). } f(x) = \begin{cases} -1+x, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ 1+x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$\text{iii). } f(x) = x + x^2, \quad (-\pi, \pi)$$