SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution)

Coimbatore-35

DEPARTMENT OF BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING

19BMB303 & Fundamentals of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers

Unit V - 32- BIT ARM PROCESSOR

III Year/ VI Sem

Dr. K. Manoharan,
ASP / BME / SNSCT

MICROCONTROLLER BASED SYSTEM DESIGN

Reduced Instruction Set Computer

Design Physiology

RISC Vs CISC Architecture

ARM Processor Architecture

ARM Core data flow model, Barrel Shifter

ARM processor modes and families

Pipelining

ARM instruction Set and its Programming

Pulse oximeter using ARM processor

RISC Vs CISC

RISC	CISC
Focus on software	Focus on hardware
Uses only Hardwired control unit	Uses both hardwired and microprogrammed control unit
Transistors are used for more registers	Transistors are used for storing complex Instructions
Fixed sized instructions	Variable sized instructions
Can perform only Register to Register Arithmetic operations	Can perform REG to REG or REG to MEM or MEM to MEM
Requires more number of registers	Requires less number of registers
Code size is large	Code size is small
An instruction executed in a single clock cycle	Instruction takes more than one clock cycle

RISC Vs CISC

An instruction fit in one word.	Instructions are larger than the size of one word
Simple and limited addressing modes.	Complex and more addressing modes.
RISC is Reduced Instruction Cycle.	CISC is Complex Instruction Cycle.
The number of instructions are less as compared to CISC.	The number of instructions are more as compared to RISC.
It consumes the low power.	It consumes more/high power.
RISC is highly pipelined.	CISC is less pipelined.
RISC required more RAM .	CISC required less RAM.
Here, Addressing modes are less.	Here, Addressing modes are more.