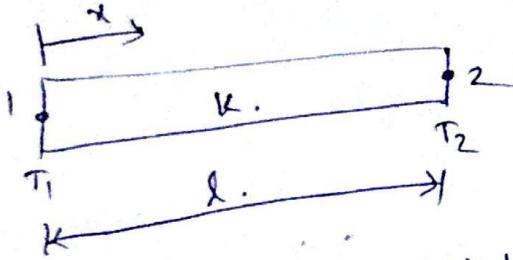




Derivation of stiffness matrix for One-Dimensional Heat

Conduction Element :



Where, $k \rightarrow$ Thermal conductivity of the materials,
 $T_1, T_2 \rightarrow$ Temperatures at the respective nodes.

WKT,
 Stiffness matrix $[k] = \int_V [B]^T \cdot [D] [B] dv$.

In one dimensional element,

Temperature function, $T = N_1 T_1 + N_2 T_2$.

Where, $N_1 = \frac{l-x}{l}$.

$N_2 = \frac{x}{l}$.

WKT,

Strain displacement matrix, $[B] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dN_1}{dx} & \frac{dN_2}{dx} \end{bmatrix}$

$[B] = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{l} & \frac{1}{l} \end{bmatrix}$

$[B]^T = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{l} \\ \frac{1}{l} \end{bmatrix}$

In one dimensional heat conduction problems,



Substitute $[B]$, $[B]^T$ and $[D]$ values in stiffness matrix equation, ③

$$[K_c]_e = \int_0^l \begin{Bmatrix} -1/l \\ 1/l \end{Bmatrix} \times k \times \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ l & l \end{bmatrix} dx$$

$$= \int_0^l \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{l^2} & -\frac{1}{l^2} \\ -\frac{1}{l^2} & \frac{1}{l^2} \end{bmatrix} k \, dx$$

$$\{dx = A \cdot dx\}$$

$$= \int_0^l \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{l^2} & -\frac{1}{l^2} \\ -\frac{1}{l^2} & \frac{1}{l^2} \end{bmatrix} k \cdot A \cdot dx$$

$$= A \cdot k \int_0^l \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{l^2} & -\frac{1}{l^2} \\ -\frac{1}{l^2} & \frac{1}{l^2} \end{bmatrix} dx$$

$$= A \cdot k \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{l^2} & -\frac{1}{l^2} \\ -\frac{1}{l^2} & \frac{1}{l^2} \end{bmatrix} \cdot [x]_0^l$$

$$= A \cdot k \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{l^2} & -\frac{1}{l^2} \\ -\frac{1}{l^2} & \frac{1}{l^2} \end{bmatrix} (l - 0)$$

$$[K_c] = \frac{A \cdot k}{l} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

where,

A = Area of the element, m^2