

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution)
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai
Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A++' Grade (Cycle III) &
Accredited by NBA (B.E - CSE, EEE, ECE, Mech&B.Tech.IT)



COIMBATORE-641 035, TAMIL N

Answer Key

IoT for Electrical Sciences - Internal Assessment III

PART A $(5\times2=10 \text{ Marks})$

1. Sketch the functional block diagram of an Accelerometer.

Sensing Element (MEMS) \rightarrow Signal Conditioning \rightarrow Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) \rightarrow Microcontroller/Processor \rightarrow Output Interface (I2C/SPI)

2. Mention the benefits of a Digital Energy Meter.

o Answer:

- High accuracy in energy measurement
- Real-time data monitoring and logging
- Remote reading and control (via IoT)
- Tamper detection and prevention
- Supports dynamic pricing and demand-response programs

Compare Relay and Contactor.

Answer:

Feature	Relay	Contactor
Power Rating	Low (control circuits)	High (motor/load switching)
Size	Small	Large
Arc Suppression	Minimal	Built-in (for high currents)
Applications	Electronics, automation	Industrial motors, HVAC systems

3. Develop the IoT architecture for a Smart Grid.

Perception Layer (Sensors & Smart Meters) \rightarrow Network Layer (Wi-Fi/Zigbee/5G/Cellular) \rightarrow Middleware (Data Processing & Cloud Storage) \rightarrow Application Layer (Monitoring, Analytics, Control)

- **4. List the modern applications of IoT used in industry.** (Amazon, 2024)
 - Predictive Maintenance (AI-based failure prediction)
 - Smart Inventory Management (RFID & automated tracking)
 - **Energy Optimization** (Smart grids & real-time monitoring)
 - Automated Quality Control (Vision sensors & AI inspection)
 - Industrial Robotics (IoT-enabled collaborative robots)

PART B (2×13=26 Marks & 1×14=14 Marks)

6. (a) Construct a block diagram of a Digital Energy Meter with a real-time IoT application.

Block Diagram:

[Energy Measurement Unit] \rightarrow [Microcontroller] \rightarrow [Communication Module (Wi-Fi/GSM/Zigbee)]

Ţ

[Cloud Server (AWS/Azure)] → [Mobile App/Dashboard] → [Utility Company]

Real-time IoT Application:

Smart Billing: Automatic energy usage reports & dynamic pricing.

Remote Disconnect/Reconnect: Utility can control supply via IoT.

OR

- (b) Explain in detail about the Gyroscope and its classifications with suitable applications.
- o **Definition:** Measures angular velocity (rotation in 3D space).
- Classifications:
- 1. **MEMS Gyroscope** (Used in smartphones, drones)
- 2. **Fiber Optic Gyroscope (FOG)** (Aerospace, military navigation)
- 3. **Ring Laser Gyroscope (RLG)** (Aircraft inertial navigation)
- Applications:
- Consumer Electronics (Smartphone screen rotation)
- **Automotive** (Electronic Stability Control in cars)
- Aviation (Flight control systems)

7. (a) Illustrate the selection of proper sensor devices for commercial Building Automation.

Answer:

Requirement	Sensor Type	Purpose
Temperature Control	Thermistor/DHT22	HVAC regulation
Occupancy Detection	PIR Motion Sensor	Smart lighting & security
Air Quality	CO ₂ & VOC Sensors	Ventilation control
Energy Monitoring	Smart Energy Meter	Electricity usage tracking

OR

- (b) Explain the automation in the Industrial aspect of IoT with a neat explanation.
- **o** Smart Manufacturing:
- **Predictive Maintenance** (Vibration sensors detect machine wear)
- Automated Assembly Lines (IoT-enabled robotic arms)
- Supply Chain Optimization:
- **RFID Tracking** (Real-time inventory management)
- Smart Warehousing (Automated guided vehicles AGVs)
 - 8. (a) Make use of a suitable example; explain how IoT is used for communicating with smart grids. (Google, 2023)
- **Example:** Smart meters in homes send real-time electricity usage data to utility companies via **cellular/Wi-Fi networks**.
- o **Process:**
- 1. **Data Collection** (Smart meters record consumption)
- 2. **Transmission** (Sent to cloud via IoT gateways)
- 3. **Analysis** (AI predicts demand & detects faults)
- 4. **Action** (Utility adjusts supply or sends alerts)

(b) Develop the block diagram of a touch control device used for a particular IoT application. (Apple, 2024)

Block Diagram

[Touch Sensor (Capacitive/Resistive)] → [Signal Conditioning Circuit]

 \downarrow

[Microcontroller (ESP32/Arduino)] → [IoT Module (Wi-Fi/BLE)]

 \downarrow

[Cloud Server] → [Mobile App/Web Dashboard]

Application:

Smart Home Control Panel (Touch-based lighting, HVAC control)