

### SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



[An Autonomous Institution] Coimbatore - 35

**19BAT612– Operations Management** 

UNIT-5 DYNAMIC PURCHASING

#### SELECTION OF MATERIALS

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#### **Selection of Materials**



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### **Materials Selection**

- The designer of any product, other than software must get involved with material selection.
- Only occasionally will the exact grade of material be specified by the customer.
- Even then the designer must understand the material to be able to design the product.

### Decisions, decisions!

#### So many materials, so much information.

How do we decide? How do we begin to choose?



First we need to look at the function of the product product analysis

### **Product Analysis**

- Just what it says analyse the product!
- What does it do?
- How does it do it?
- Where does it do it?
- Who uses it?
- What should it cost?

### Case Study – a bike

- What is the function of a bike obvious?
- How does the function depend on the type of bike?
  - Racing
  - Mountain bike
  - Commuter
  - Childs

### **Component or system?**

• 1<sup>st</sup> problem is.....

Is it one component or a system of components working together?

A spanner is a component, a cordless screwdriver is a system.

### **System Analysis**

When we analyse a system we need to break the system down into individual components and then analyse each one.



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## System Analysis – the bike

The bike breaks down into various parts:

- Frame
- Forks
- Wheels
- Saddle

### System Analysis – the bike (2)

We now need to look at the following for each part:

- Requirements (mechanical, ergonomic, aesthetic etc.)
- Function
- How many are going to be made?
- What manufacturing methods are we going to use?

### **Frame Materials**

• Steel –

Strong, stiff, heavy, but cheap

• Aluminium –

weaker, lighter, more expensive than steel

• Composite (CFRP) –

strong, stiff, very light, but expensive to buy and to fabricate

# **Cycle Frame**



# Frame Design Detail



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Which of the following is not a property of engineering materials?

- a) Mechanical properties
- b) Chemical properties
- c) Polymorphism
- d) Electrical properties

#### c) Polymorphism

### Summary

- Materials Selection
- Product Analysis



## References

- <u>https://www.corrosionpedia.com/definition/6939/m</u> <u>aterial-selection</u>
- <u>https://depts.washington.edu/matseed/mse\_resour</u> <u>ces/Webpage/Bicycle/Material%20Selection%20Pro</u> <u>cess.htm</u>





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