



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution



Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' (III Cycle) Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

23ECB201 – DIGITAL SYSTEMS DESIGN

II YEAR/ III SEMESTER

UNIT 2 – COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS

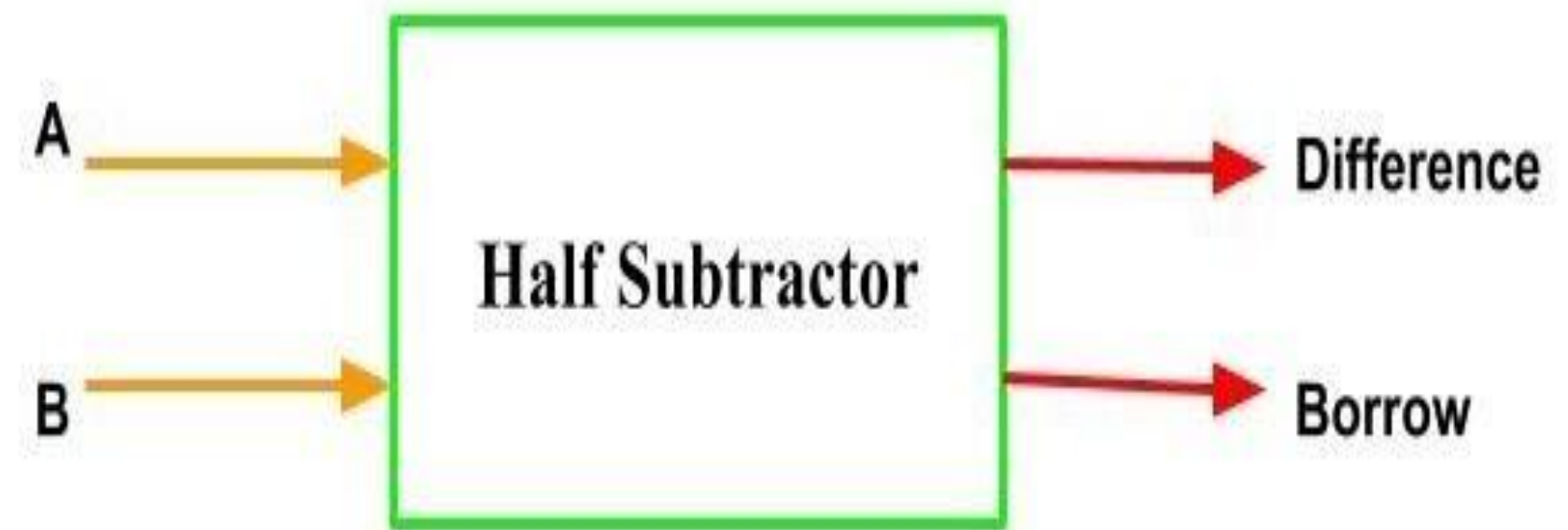
TOPIC- HALF SUBTRACTOR



HALF SUBTRACTOR



- A half subtractor is a digital logic circuit that performs binary subtraction of two single-bit binary numbers.
- It has two inputs, A and B, and two outputs, DIFFERENCE and BORROW.
- A is called a **Minuend bit** and B is called a **Subtrahend bit**.





TRUTH TABLE



Inputs		Outputs	
A	B	Difference	Borrow
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0

Binary Subtraction

$$0 - 0 = 0$$

$$0 - 1 = 1 \quad \text{with 1 borrow}$$

$$1 - 0 = 1$$

$$1 - 1 = 0$$



LOGICAL EXPRESSION



FOR DIFFERENCE

A \ B	0	1
0	0	1
1	1	0

$$\text{Difference} = A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B = A \oplus B$$

FOR BORROW

A \ B	0	1
0	0	1
1	0	0

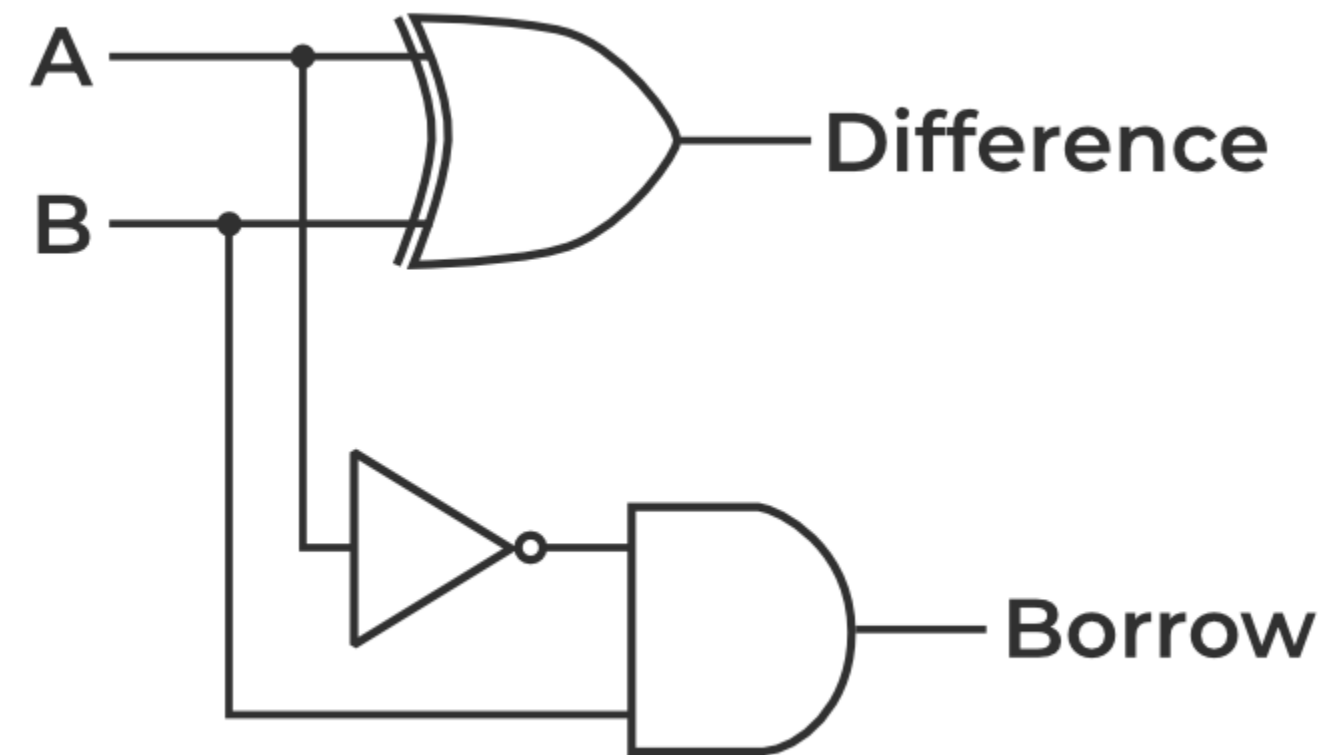
$$\text{Borrow} = \bar{A}B$$



IMPLEMENTATION

$$\text{Diff} = A'B + AB'$$

$$\text{Borrow} = A'B$$





APPLICATIONS OF HALF SUBTRACTOR



1. Calculators
2. Alarm Frameworks
3. Automotive Frameworks
4. Security Frameworks
5. Computer Frameworks





ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES



ADVANTAGES

- Simplicity
- Building blocks
- Low cost
- Easy integration

DISADVANTAGES

- Limited functionality
- Inefficient for multi-bit numbers
- High propagation delay





ASSESSMENT QUESTIONS



1. For subtracting 1 from 0, we use to take a _____ from neighbouring bits.

- a) Carry
- b) Borrow**
- c) Input
- d) Output

2. Let the input of a subtractor is A and B then what the output will be if $A = B$?

- a) 0**
- b) 1
- c) A
- d) B

3. What does minuend and subtrahend denotes in a subtractor?

- a) Their corresponding bits of input
- b) Its outputs
- c) Its inputs**
- d) Borrow bits





THANK YOU