

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution) Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A++' Grade (Cycle III) & Accredited by NBA (B.E - CSE, EEE, ECE, Mech & COIMBATORE-641 035, TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

23MAT101 -MATRICES AND CALCULUS

UNIT II - ORTHOGONAL TRANSFORMATION OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX

PART B QUESTIONS

- 1. Diagonalise the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ by an orthogonal transformation.
- Reduce the quadratic form $10x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + 5x_3^2 4x_1x_2 + 6x_2x_3 10x_3x_1$ into canonical form by orthogonal transformation and also find its nature
- Reduce the quadratic form $8x_1^2 + 7x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 12x_1x_2 8x_2x_3 + 4x_3x_1$ into canonical form by orthogonal transformation and also find its nature
- 4. Reduce the quadratic form $2x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 2x_1x_2 4x_2x_3 2x_3x_1$ into canonical form by orthogonal transformation. Also find the rank, index, signature and nature of quadratic form
- Reduce the quadratic form $3x^2 3y^2 5z^2 2xy 6yz 6xz$ into canonical form by orthogonal transformation. Also find the rank, index, signature and nature of quadratic form.