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DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

#### UNIT II

ORTHOGONAL TRANSFORMATION OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX

Transformation to principal axes:  
Conic Section:  
(1) Find out what type of Conic Section the  
following Quadratic form represents:  
(i) 
$$Q = 17 x_1^2 - 30 x_1 x_2 + 17 x_2^2 = 128$$
  
(ii)  $Q = 3x_1^2 + 22 x_1 x_2 + 3x_2^2 = 0$   
(iii)  $Q = x_1^2 - 12 x_1 x_2 + x_2^2 = 70$ .  
Solution:  
(i)  $Q = 17 x_1^2 - 30 x_1 x_2 + 14 x_2^2 = 128 \rightarrow (1)$   
 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $C_1 = 17 + 17 = 34$   
 $C_2 = 289 - 225 = 64$   
The characteristic equation is,  
 $\lambda^2 - c_1 \lambda + c_2 = 0$   
 $\lambda = 32, 2$   
To find, the eigen vectors:  
 $(A - \lambda T) x = 0$   
 $(17 - \lambda - 15) = (x_1) = (x_2) \rightarrow (2)$ 





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$$Case (i): \lambda = 32$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 17-32 & -15 \\ -15 & 17-32 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -15 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-15 \times_{1} \mp 15 \times_{2} = 0$$

$$-15 \times_{1} = 15 \times_{2}$$

$$-\chi_{1} = \chi_{2}$$

$$\frac{\chi_{1}}{I} = \frac{\chi_{2}}{-I}$$

$$Case (ii): \lambda = 2$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 17-2 & -15 \\ -15 & 17-2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ \chi_{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\frac{15 - 15 \\ -15 & 17-2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ \chi_{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(5 \times_{1} - 15 \times_{2} = 0)$$

$$15 \times_{1} = 15 \times_{2}$$

$$\chi_{2} = \chi_{1}$$

$$\chi_{2} = \chi_{1}$$





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The modal matrix,  

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
The normalized matrix,  

$$N = \begin{pmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\sqrt{\sqrt{2}} & \sqrt{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N^{T} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N^{T} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 32 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = D$$

$$\therefore N^{T}AN = D$$

$$Now \quad Y^{T} D Y = \begin{cases} \frac{9}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{9}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{9}{\sqrt{2}} \end{cases}$$

$$= (g_{1} \quad g_{2}) \quad g_{3}g_{3}g_{3} \begin{pmatrix} 32 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 9 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= 32 g_{1}^{2} + 2g_{2}^{2}$$
Griven:  $Q = 128 \implies 32 g_{1}^{2} + 2g_{2}^{2} = 128$ 

$$= \frac{32 g_{1}^{2}}{128} + \frac{2g_{2}^{2}}{128} = 1$$

$$= \frac{g_{1}^{2}}{2^{2}} + \frac{g_{2}^{2}}{8^{2}} = 1$$

$$= \frac{g_{1}^{2}}{2} + \frac{g_{2}^{2}}{8^{2}} = 1$$

$$= \frac{g_{1}^{2}}{8} + \frac{g_{2}^{2}}{8} = 1$$





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(ii) Q = 14 y1 - 8 y2 = 0 Which depresent Pair of straight lines (iii)  $Q = 7y_1^2 - 5y_2^2 = 70$ , which is a hypexbola.