

$$3) \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - \frac{d}{dt} y(t) - 2y(t) = x(t)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - sY(s) - 2Y(s) = X(s)$$

$$(s^2 - s - 2) Y(s) = X(s)$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 - s - 2} = \frac{1}{(s-2)(s+1)}$$

$$\frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s+1} = \frac{1}{(s-2)(s+1)}$$

$$1 = A(s+1) + B(s-2)$$

$$s = -1$$

$$B(-3) = 1$$

$$\boxed{B = -\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\text{put } s = 2$$

$$3A = 1$$

$$\boxed{A = \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{3(s-2)} - \frac{1}{3(s+1)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} L^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s-2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} L^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s+1} \right)$$

$$h(t) = \frac{1}{3} e^{2t} u(t) - \frac{1}{3} e^{-t} u(t)$$

4)

$$H(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$$

and $x(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$. Determine

the o/p assuming zero initial conditions.

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{(s+3)(s+2)(s+1)}$$



$$S = A (s+2)(s+1) + B (s+3)(s+1) + C (s+3)(s+2)$$

put $s = -2$

$$-2 = B(1)(-1)$$

$$\boxed{B = 2}$$

put $s = -3$

$$-3 = 2A$$

$$\boxed{A = -\frac{3}{2}}$$

put $s = -1$

$$-1 = C(2)(1)$$

$$\boxed{C = -\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{2(s+3)} + \frac{2}{s+2} - \frac{1}{2}(s+1)$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2} L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s+3}\right) + 2 L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s+2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s+1}\right)$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{3}{2} e^{-3t} u(t) + 2 e^{-2t} u(t) - \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} u(t)$$

5) Find the impulse response of the system :-

$$RC \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = x(t)$$

$$RC sY(s) + Y(s) = X(s)$$

$$Y(s) (RCs + 1) = X(s)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{1}{(RCs + 1)}$$

$$y(t) = L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{RCs + 1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{RC} \left[L^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s + \frac{1}{RC}} \right) \right]$$

$$\therefore y(t) = \frac{1}{RC} e^{-t/RC} u(t)$$



(b) Find the o/p of the system :- $h(t) = u(t)$, $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s} \quad X(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$$

$$Y(s) = H(s) \cdot X(s)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$= \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+2} \Rightarrow A(s+2) + B(s)$$

$$s = 0$$

$$1 = A(2)$$

$$\boxed{A = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$s = -2$$

$$1 = A(0) + B(-2)$$

$$\boxed{B = -\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{2(s)} - \frac{1}{2(s+2)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s}\right) - \frac{1}{2} L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s+2}\right)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} u(t) - \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} u(t)$$