



(An Autonomous Institution)
Coimbatore – 35

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT-IV FOURIER TRANSFORM

PROPERTIES OF JOURNER TRANSFORMS:

1) LINEAR PROPERTY:

show that the operator 'F' is linear.

(a) F[aqm>+ bg(m)] = a F[q(m)] + b F[g(m)]

Now F[a](m) + bg(n) WHI $F[a](m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{a}^{b} \frac{1}$

III Fs [a f (n) + bg (n)] = a Fs [f(n)] + b fs [g (n)]

Fe [a f (n) + bg (n)] = a Fc [f (n)] + b Fc [g (n)]





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Shifting property:

(1)
$$F[g(m-a)] = e^{isa} F(s)$$

(ii) $F[e^{ian}g(n)] = F(s+a)$

(1) $F[g(m-a)] = e^{isa} F(s)$

What $F[g(n)] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(n) e^{isa} dn$

Now $F[g(m-a)] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(n) e^{isn} dn$

Put $n-a=P \Rightarrow dn=dp$.

 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(p) e^{isa} e^{isp} dp$
 $= e^{isa} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(p) e^{isa} e^{isp} dp$
 $= e^{isa} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(p) e^{isa} e^{isp} dp$
 $= e^{isa} F(s)$





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(ii)
$$F[e^{i\alpha\eta}_{f(n)}] = F(s+a)$$

When $F[f(n)] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(n)e^{isn}dn$

Now $F[e^{i\alpha\eta}_{f(n)}] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i\alpha\eta}_{f(n)}f(n)e^{isn}dn$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i(s+a)\eta}_{f(n)} dn$
 $= F(s+a)\eta$.

3> CHANGE OF SCALE PROPERTY:

F[3(an)] =
$$\frac{1}{\alpha}$$
 f. ($\frac{s}{a}$), $\alpha > 0$

Whi F[3(an)] = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 3(an)e^{isn} dn$

F[3(an)] = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 3(an)e^{isn} dn$

put $t = \alpha n = 0$ $dt = \alpha dn$

= $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 3(t)e^{ist} dt$

= $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 3(t)e^{ist} dt$

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5) MODULATION (PROPERTY) THEOREM:





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Find Fourier usine & sine teamform q ne-an

Now. Fs[ne-an] =
$$-\frac{d}{ds}$$
 Fc[e-an]
$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha n} us sn dn \right]$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{2}+S^{2}} \right] \right]$$

$$= -\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\alpha}{(\alpha^{2}+S^{2})^{2}} \cdot (-2S)$$

Now
$$Fc [ne-an] = \frac{d}{ds} Fs [e-an]$$

$$= \frac{d}{ds} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-an} sm sn dn \right]$$

$$= \frac{d}{ds} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{S}{s^{2}+a^{2}} \right] \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{(s^{2}+a^{2})(1)-s(2s)}{(s^{2}+a^{2})^{2}} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{a^{2}-s^{2}}{(s^{2}+a^{2})^{2}}$$