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**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS** 

### UNIT IV

(1) We can prove the following Statements: (i)  $u_{xy} = u_{yx}$  when  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ (ii)  $u = (\chi^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \chi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = 0$ (iii)  $u = \chi^2 \pm an'(\frac{y}{\chi}) - y^2 \pm an'(\frac{y}{\chi}), \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \chi \partial y} = \frac{\chi^2 - y^2}{\chi^2 + y^2}$ EULER'S THEOREM FOR HOMOGENEOUS FUNCTION HOMOGIENEOUS FUNCTION: ") " = 40 24, 26 ) A homogeneous function of degree n in x and y is  $f(x,y) = x^n f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$  or a function f(x,y) is said to be homogeneous function in xand y of degree n if  $f(tx,ty) = t^n f(x,y)$ . Euler's theorem for Homogeneous function If u = f(x, y) is a homogeneous function of degree n then  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} =$ PROBLEMS : Verify Euler's theorem for  $w = \pi^3 \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ <u>Soln</u>:  $(u_2 = x^3 Sin \left(\frac{y}{x_3}\right) + x)$ Let  $u = f(x, y) = x^3 \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$   $(30 - x) \left(2 + (30 + x)^3\right)$  $f(tx, ty) = t^{3} x^{3} sin \left(\frac{ty}{tx}\right)$  $= t^{3} x^{3} sin \left(\frac{ty}{tx}\right)$  $t^3 - f(\eta, \eta)$ 





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. We is an homogeneous function of degree 3.  
To prove: 
$$\chi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} + y \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right) = 3u - \frac{u}{4G}$$
  
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = 3x^2 \sin\left(\frac{y}{\chi}\right) - xy \cos\left(\frac{y}{\chi}\right) \frac{u}{\mu G}$   
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = 3x^2 \sin\left(\frac{y}{\chi}\right) - \frac{u}{\mu G} + \frac{u}{\mu G} \right)$   
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = \chi^2 \cos\left(\frac{y}{\chi}\right) - \frac{u}{\mu G} + \frac{u}{\chi G} \right)$   
Hence proved.  
(a) Verify Euler's theorem for the following functions:  
(i)  $u = (\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-1}$  ( $\mu^4$ ,  $\mu^4$ )  
(ii)  $u = (\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-1}$  ( $\mu^4$ ,  $\mu^4$ )  
(iii)  $u = (\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-1}$  ( $\mu^4$ ,  $\mu^4$ )  
(iii)  $u = (\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-1}$  ( $\mu^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\mu^4$ )  
(i)  $u$  is a homogeneous function of degree  $-a$   
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -(2\chi + \chi)(\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\mu^6$ )  
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -(2\chi + \chi)(\chi^2 + y^2 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\mu^6$ )  
 $\chi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -2u$   
(ii)  $u$  is homogeneous function of degree  $2$   
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = 2ax + ahy^4$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\chi^6$ )  
 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = ahx + aby$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$ )  
 $\chi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi} = ahx + aby$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$ ) ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$ ) ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 + \chi y)^{-2}$  ( $\chi^4 + \chi^4 +$ 





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(iii) u is a homogeneous function of degree i  

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -1 + \log\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \frac{u}{x} + \frac{u}{x} + \frac{v}{x} + \frac{u}{y} + \frac{u}{u} + \frac{u$$



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$$\therefore \tan u \text{ is a homogeneous Function of degree 2.}$$
  
By Euler's theorem,  

$$x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\tan u) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\tan u) = 2 \tan u$$

$$x \sec^{2} u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \sec^{2} u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2 \tan u$$

$$x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{2 \tan u}{\sec^{2} u}$$

$$= 2 \sin u \cdot (\cos^{2} u)$$

$$= 2 \sin u \cdot ($$