- Nested structure in C is nothing but structure within structure. One structure can be declared inside other structure as we declare structure members inside a structure.
- The structure variables can be a normal structure variable or a pointer variable to access the data. You can learn below concepts in this section.
- 1. Structure within structure in C using normal variable
- 2. Structure within structure in C using pointer variable

3. Structure within structure in C using normal variable:

- This program explains how to use structure within structure in C using normal variable. "student_college_detail" structure is declared inside "student_detail" structure in this program. Both structure variables are normal structure variables.
- Please note that members of "student_college_detail" structure are accessed by 2 dot(.) operator and members of "student_detail" structure are accessed by single dot(.) operator.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3
4 struct student_college_detail
5 {
     int college id;
6
7
     char college_name[50];
8 };
10 struct student_detail
11 {
12
     int id;
     char name[20];
13
     float percentage;
14
     // structure within structure
15
16 struct student_college_detail clg_data;
17 }stu_data;
18
19 int main()
20 {
21
     struct student_detail stu_data = {1, "Raju", 90.5, 71145,
22
                           "Anna University"};
23
     printf(" Id is: %d \n", stu_data.id);
     printf(" Name is: %s \n", stu_data.name);
24
     printf(" Percentage is: %f\n\n", stu_data.percentage);
25
26
27
     printf(" College Id is: %d \n",
               stu_data.clg_data.college_id);
28
29
     printf(" College Name is: %s \n",
               stu data.clg data.college name);
30
```

```
31 return 0;
32 }
```

Output:

```
Id is: 1
Name is: Raju
Percentage is: 90.500000

College Id is: 71145
College Name is: Anna University
```

Structure within structure in C using pointer variable:

- This program explains how to use structure within structure in C using pointer variable. "student_college_detail" structure is declared inside "student_detail" structure in this program. one normal structure variable and one pointer structure variable is used in this program.
- Please note that combination of .(dot) and ->(arrow) operators are used to access the structure member which is declared inside the structure.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
4 struct student_college_detail
5 {
     int college_id;
6
     char college_name[50];
7
8 };
10 struct student_detail
11 {
12
    int id;
     char name[20];
13
14
     float percentage;
15
     // structure within structure
     struct student college detail clg data;
17 }stu_data, *stu_data_ptr;
18
19 int main()
20 {
21 struct student_detail stu_data = {1, "Raju", 90.5, 71145,
                         "Anna University"};
22
```

```
23
     stu_data_ptr = &stu_data;
24
25
     printf(" Id is: %d \n", stu_data_ptr->id);
     printf(" Name is: %s \n", stu_data_ptr->name);
26
     printf(" Percentage is: %f \n\n",
27
28
                  stu_data_ptr->percentage);
29
30
     printf(" College Id is: %d \n",
                  stu_data_ptr->clg_data.college_id);
31
     printf(" College Name is: %s \n",
32
33
                stu_data_ptr->clg_data.college_name);
34
35
     return 0;
36 }
```

Output:

Id is: 1

Name is: Raju

Percentage is: 90.500000

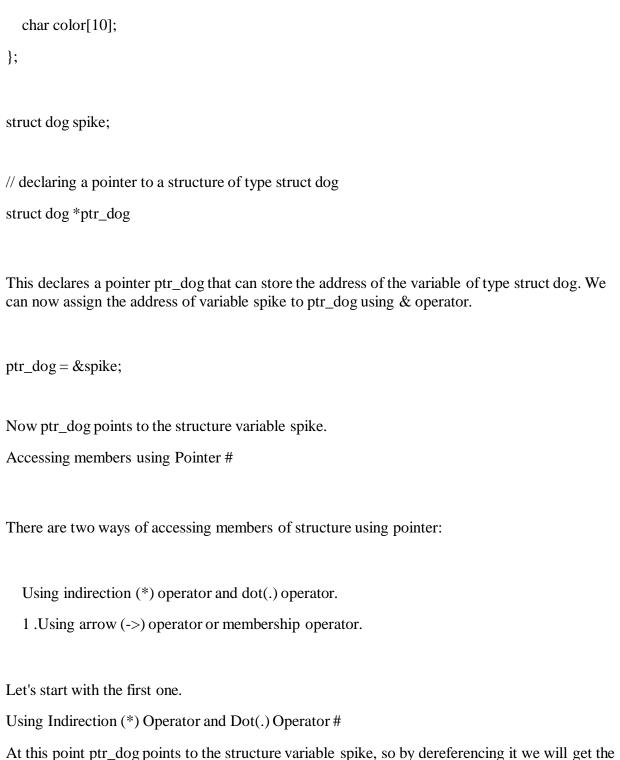
College Id is: 71145

College Name is: Anna University

Pointer to a Structure in C

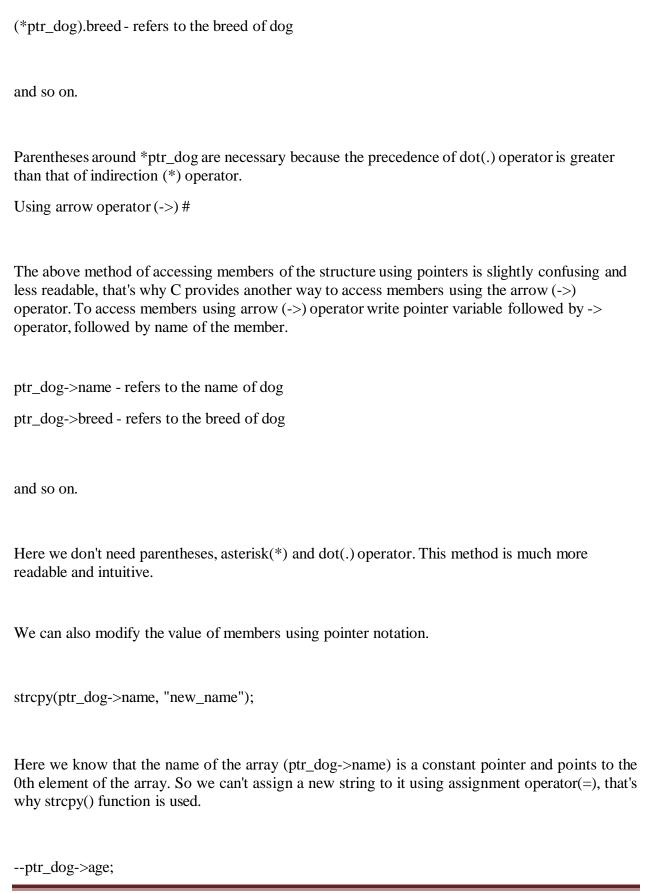
We have already learned that a pointer is a variable which points to the address of another variable of any data type like int, char, float etc. Similarly, we can have a pointer to structures, where a pointer variable can point to the address of a structure variable. Here is how we can declare a pointer to a structure variable.

```
struct dog
{
   char name[10];
   char breed[10];
   int age;
```



contents of the spike. This means spike and *ptr_dog are functionally equivalent. To access a member of structure write *ptr_dog followed by a dot(.) operator, followed by the name of the member. For example:

(*ptr_dog).name - refers to the name of dog



In the above expression precedence of arrow operator (->) is greater than that of prefix decrement operator (--), so first -> operator is applied in the expression then its value is decremented by 1.

The following program demonstrates how we can use a pointer to structure.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct dog
  char name[10];
  char breed[10];
  int age;
  char color[10];
};
int main()
  struct dog my_dog = {"tyke", "Bulldog", 5, "white"};
  struct dog *ptr_dog;
  ptr_dog = &my_dog;
  printf("Dog's name: %s\n", ptr_dog->name);
  printf("Dog's breed: %s\n", ptr_dog->breed);
  printf("Dog's age: %d\n", ptr_dog->age);
  printf("Dog's color: %s\n", ptr_dog->color);
```

```
// changing the name of dog from tyke to jack
  strcpy(ptr_dog->name, "jack");
  // increasing age of dog by 1 year
  ptr_dog->age++;
  printf("Dog's new name is: %s\n", ptr_dog->name);
  printf("Dog's age is: %d\n", ptr_dog->age);
  // signal to operating system program ran fine
  return 0;
}
Expected Output:
Dog's name: tyke
Dog's breed: Bulldog
Dog's age: 5
Dog's color: white
After changes
Dog's new name is: jack
Dog's age is: 6
```