

#### **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**



# Coimbatore-35 An Autonomous Institution

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#### DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECE308- WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES FOR IOT

UNIT 2 - ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PRINCIPLES FOR IOT

**TOPIC 3 – IPv4 and IPv6 Protocols** 



# IPv4 Protocol headers and data sta

- •TCP Header plus data consist of stack from the transport layer
- From internet layer, each packet consists of 5-words basic IP header fields of 160 bits and extended header up to n words.
- 1 word = 32 bits
- n = total number of header words added at IP layer



# Internet layer



- Receives and forwards data to next stage
- Uses IP version 4 (IPv4),
- Uses IP version 6 (IPv6) protocol or
- •[IPv6 Routing Protocol for Low Power Lossy Networks (LLNs)] in IoT/M2M
- 6LoWPAN in IoT/M2M

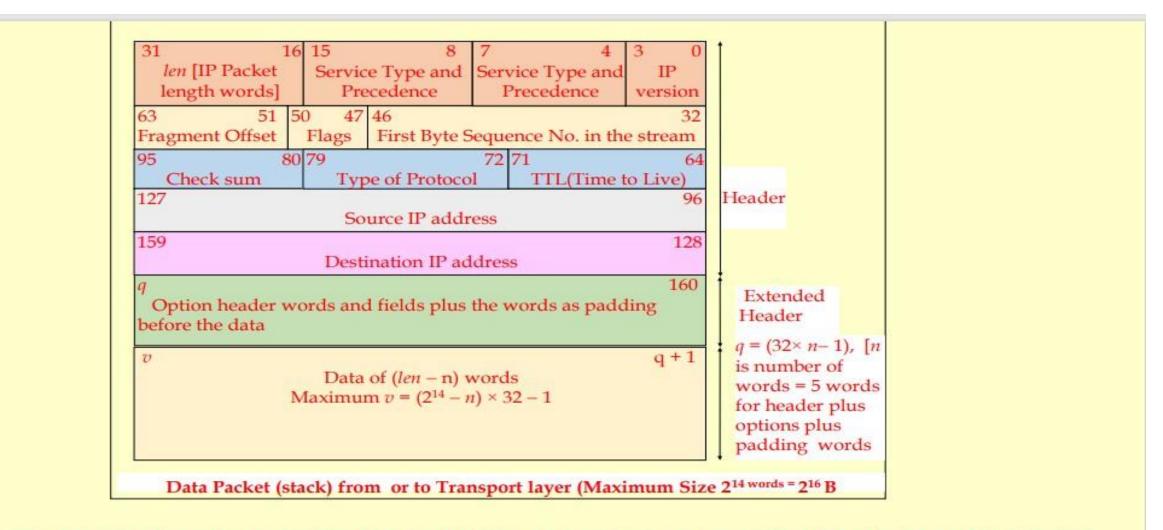


Fig. 4.3 Data stack received or transmitted at or to transport layer, and packet consisting of IP header fields of 160 bits and extended header (n-5) words (when required) plus data stack of maximum v words from or for the transport layer



# IPv4 Header and Data Stack (Packet Size) to next stage

- IP header first consists of five words
- Data stack to network layer has maximum V = (n + len) words where V <= (2 to the power 14 -n) words</li>

Packet maximum 2 to the power 14 word meaning 2 to

the power 16 B

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IPv4 Address Format (Dotted-decimal Notation)

192 . 149 . 252 . 76

11000000 . 10010101 . 111111100 . 01001100

One Byte = Eight Bits

4 Bytes or 32 Bits
```



## Header first word field



- • b31-b16 len [IP Packet length in words]
- • b15-b4 Service Type and Precedence
- • b3-b0 IP version (=0100 for version 4)



## Header second word fields



- b63-b51 Fragment Offset (specify which data stack len words consist of which fragment in the data stack of transport layer)
- b50-b47 Flags
- b46-b32 first Byte Sequence Number in the packet of the TCP stream



## Header third word fields



- b95-b80 checksum (sum of header bits)
- b79-b72 type of protocol (for example, is it ICMP)
- b71-b64 time to live (number of hops try to reach to destination



#### **IPv6 Protocol features**



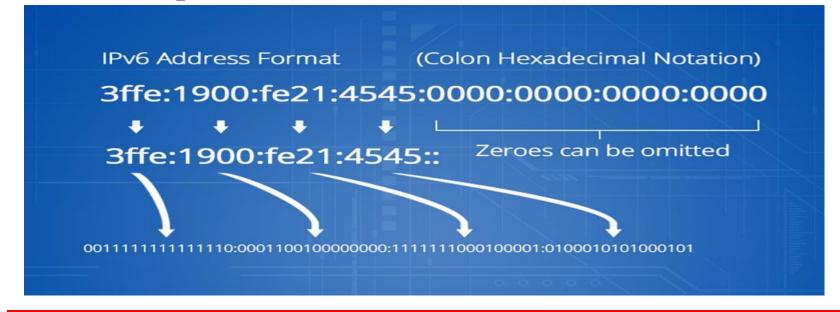
- Large addressing space and
- Route aggregation
- IPv6 addresses of 128 bits
- Vastly enlarged address space compared to IPv4
- An Pv6 address field provides a numerical label



#### Label in IPv6



- •IPv6 addresses of 128 bits
- Vastly enlarged address space compared to IPv4
- An Pv6 address field provides a numerical label





#### IPv6



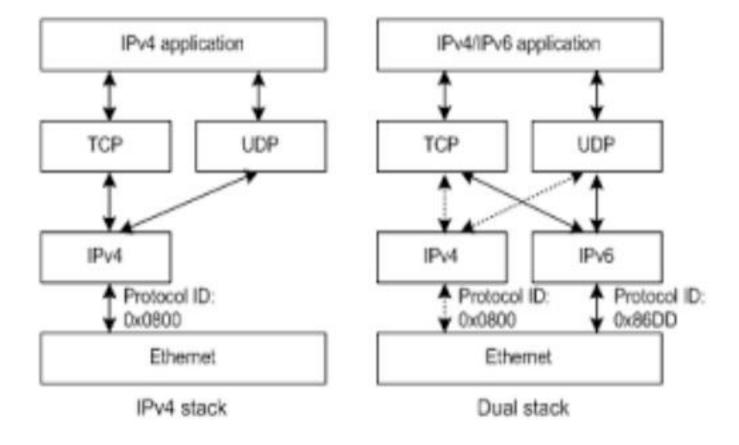
- Permitting the hierarchical address allocation
- •Provisions additional optimization for the delivery of services using routers, subnets and interfaces,
- •Manages device mobility, security, and configuration Aspects.
- Expanded and simple use of multicast addressing
- Provisions jumbo grams (big size datagram)
- Permits extensibility of options

#### **Assesment**





• What is IPv4 and IPv6 protocol Dual Stack







## THANK YOU