

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35 An Autonomous Institution



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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECE308- WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES FOR IOT

UNIT 2 - ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PRINCIPLES FOR IOT

TOPIC 3 – IPv4 and IPv6 Protocols





•TCP Header plus data consist of stack from the transport layer

- From internet layer, each packet consists of 5-words basic IP header fields of 160 bits and extended header up to n words.
- 1 word = 32 bits
- n = total number of header words added at IP layer



Internet layer



- Receives and forwards data to next stage
- Uses IP version 4 (IPv4),
- Uses IP version 6 (IPv6) protocol or
- •[IPv6 Routing Protocol for Low Power Lossy Networks (LLNs)] in IoT/M2M
- 6LoWPAN in IoT/M2M

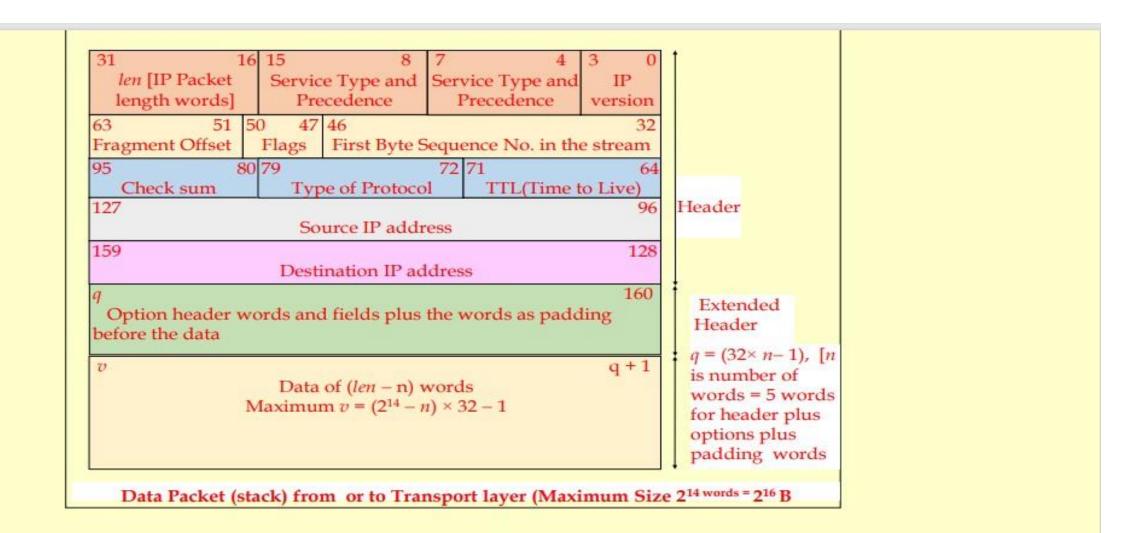
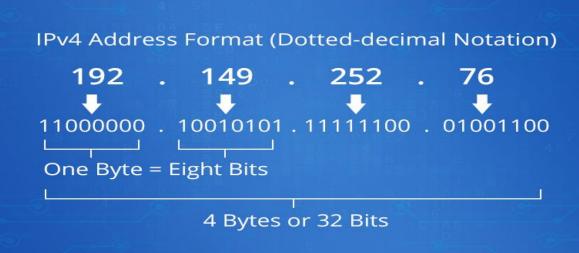


Fig. 4.3 Data stack received or transmitted at or to transport layer, and packet consisting of IP header fields of 160 bits and extended header (n - 5) words (when required) plus data stack of maximum v words from or for the transport layer



IPv4 Header and Data Stack (Packet Size) to next stage

- IP header first consists of five words
- Data stack to network layer has maximum V = (n + len) words where $V \leq (2 \text{ to the power } 14 - n)$ words
- Packet maximum 2 to the power 14 word meaning 2 to the power 16 B





Header first word field



- • b31-b16 len [IP Packet length in words]
- • b15-b4 Service Type and Precedence
- • b3-b0 IP version (=0100 for version 4)



Header second word fields



•• b63-b51 Fragment Offset (specify which data stack len words consist of which fragment in the data stack of transport layer)

- b50-b47 Flags
- b46-b32 first Byte Sequence Number in the packet of the TCP stream



Header third word fields



- b95-b80 checksum (sum of header bits)
- b79-b72 type of protocol (for example, is it ICMP)
- b71-b64 time to live (number of hops try to reach to destination



IPv6 Protocol features



- Large addressing space and
- Route aggregation
- IPv6 addresses of 128 bits
- Vastly enlarged address space compared to IPv4
- An Pv6 address field provides a numerical label



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Label in IPv6



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- Vastly enlarged address space compared to IPv4
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- Permitting the hierarchical address allocation
 Provisions additional optimization for the delivery of services using routers, subnets and interfaces,
- •Manages device mobility, security, and configuration Aspects.
- Expanded and simple use of multicast addressing
- Provisions jumbo grams (big size datagram)
- Permits extensibility of options

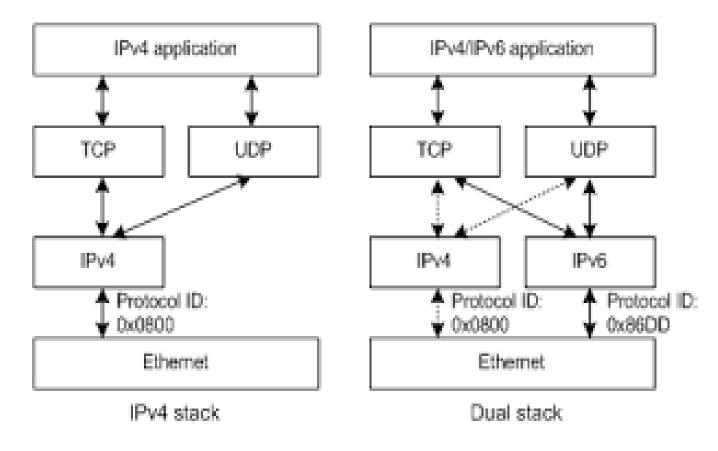


Assesment



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• What is IPv4 and IPv6 protocol Dual Stack





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THANK YOU

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