



# **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

Coimbatore – 35

**An Autonomous Institution**

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' Grade

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai



## **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

19ECT311 / Wireless Communication

III ECE/ VI SEMESTER

**Unit II - MOBILE RADIO PROPAGATION**

**Topic 5 : Link Budget using path loss model**



# Guess!!!!!!!!!!!!!!



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# Link Budget

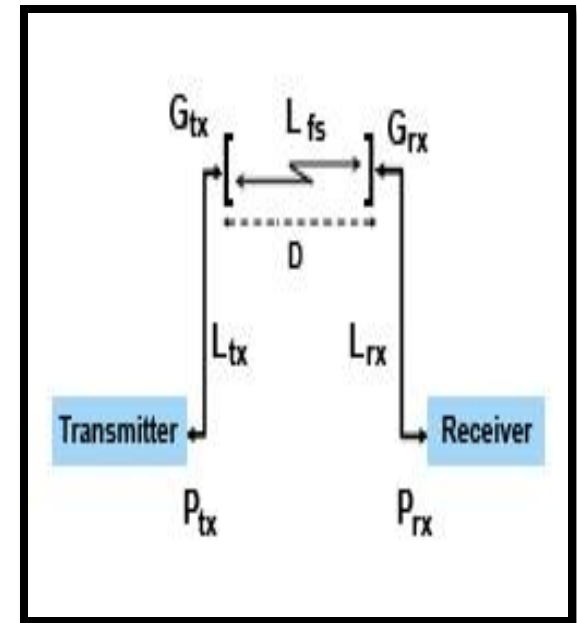
- BUDGET????
- What is Communication link?
- Characteristics of link.
- Path loss
- Required received power



# Link Budget - Need

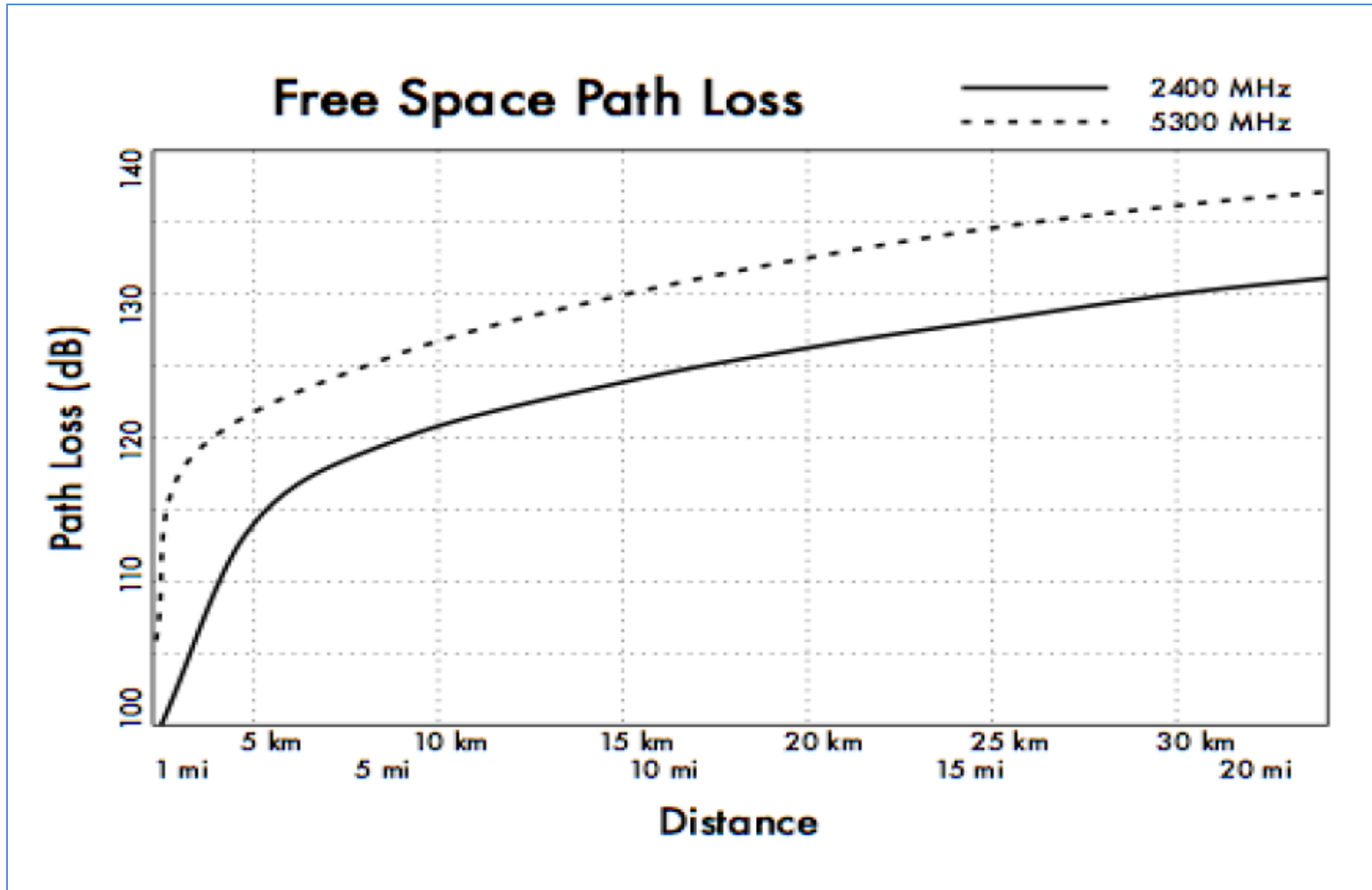
A link budget is used to predict performance before the link is established.

- ❖ Show in advance if it will be acceptable
- ❖ Show if one option is better than another
- ❖ Provide a criterion to evaluate actual performance



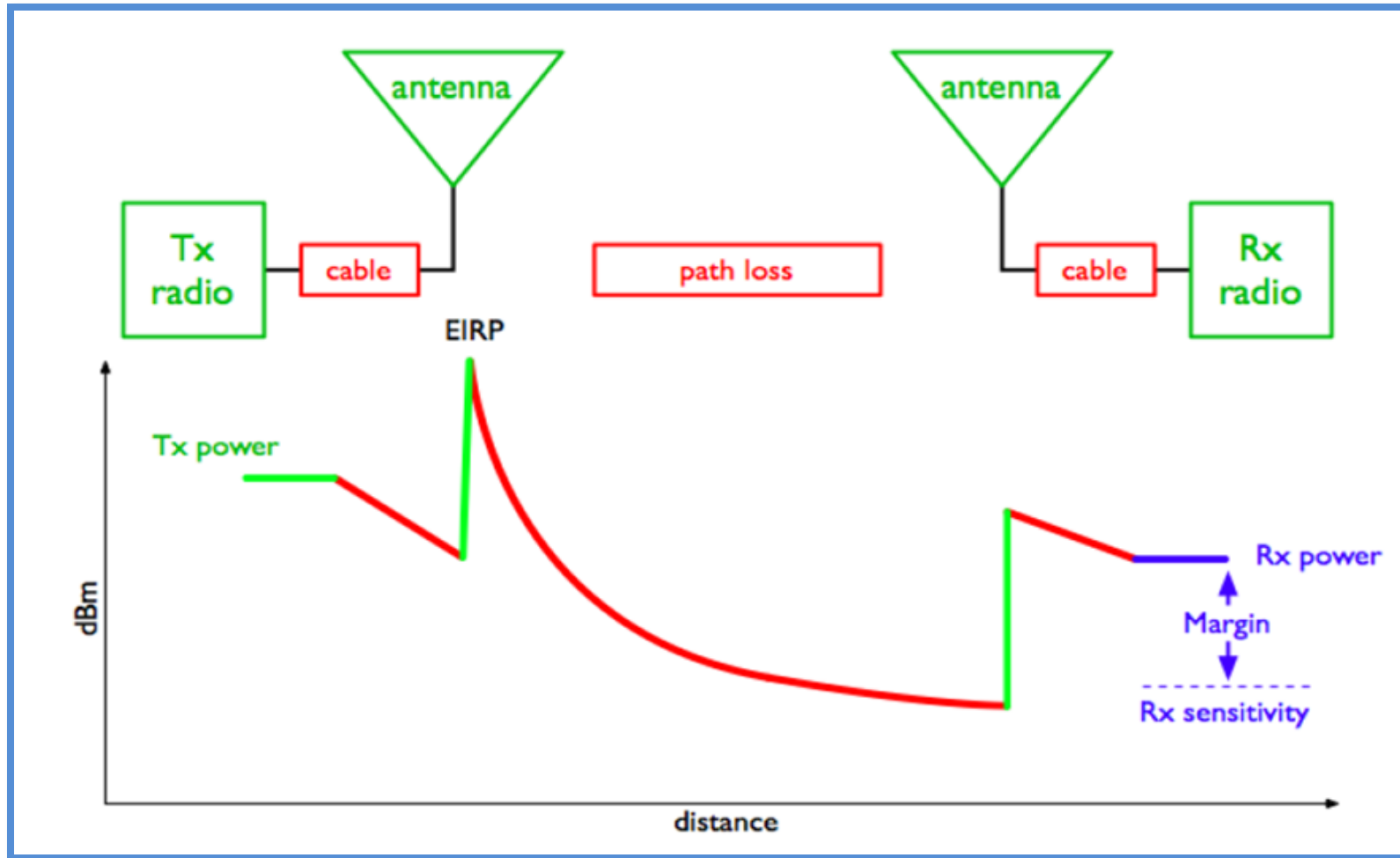


# Path Loss





# Power in Wireless System





# ACTIVITY

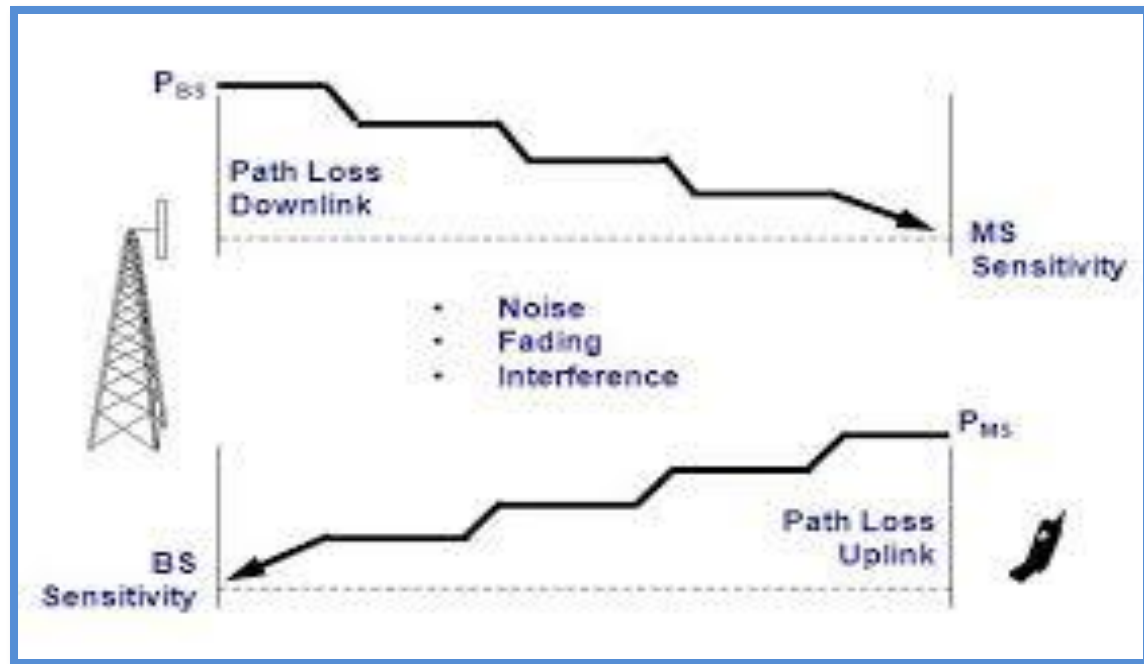


Activity: Draw a logo which may describe your character or things you like.



# Link Design

- The performance of any communication link depends on the quality of the equipment being used
- The link budget is a quantifying analysis of the link performance

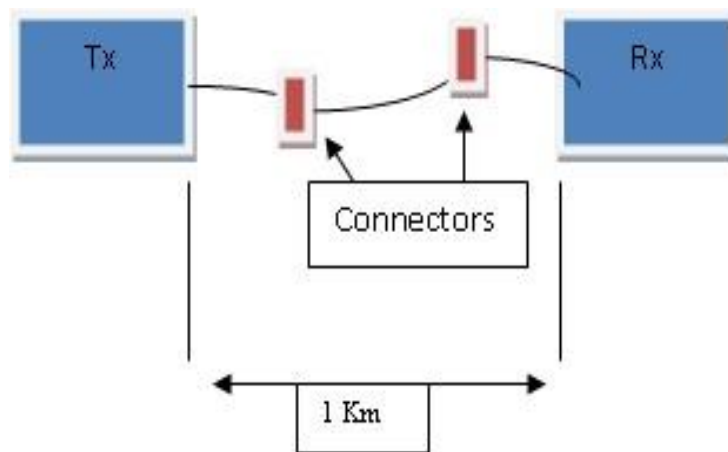






# Link Design

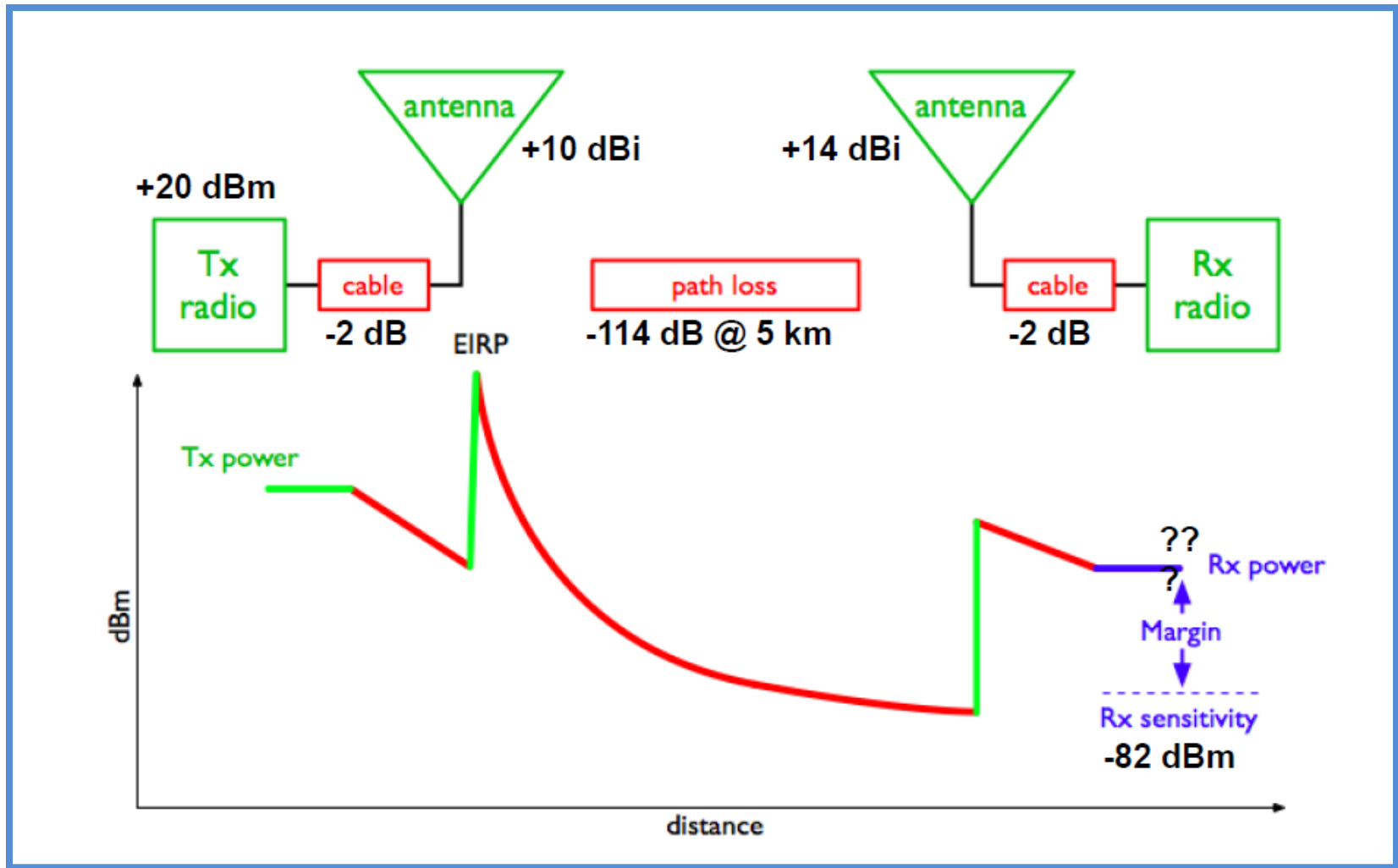
- The difference between the minimum received signal level and the actual received power is called the Link Margin
- Link margin is a positive value and should be maximized



System Power budget (Min. received Signal level) = 14 dB  
Actual received power( due to Link loss ) = 2.5 dB  
Link Margin = 12.5 dB



# Client Link





# Calculation

20 dBm (TX Power AP)

+10 dBi (Antenna Gain AP)

- 2 dB (Cable Losses AP)

+14 dBi (Antenna Gain Client)

- 2 dB (Cable Losses Client)

**40 dB Total Gain**

-114 dB (free space loss@5 km)

**- 74 dBm (expected received signal level)**

-82 dBm(sensitivity of Client)

**8 dB ( Link Margin)**



# CONCLUSION

- A link budget makes a log by keeping all entries of losses and gains in signal propagation
- A wave is attenuated via amplifiers and antennas to increase the gain product and eliminate noise
- Data can be lost during propagation of a signal between the transmitter and receiver within one device or between two or more devices
- Keeping track of such losses and gains is important to calculate the reliability and efficiency of a link



# Assessment



- Link budget consists of calculation of
  - a) Useful signal power
  - b) Interfering noise power
  - c) Useful signal & Interfering noise power**
  - d) Signal and Noise
- Link budget can help in predicting
  - a) Equipment weight and size
  - b) Technical risk
  - c) Prime power requirements
  - d) Equipment weight and size, Technical risk and Prime power requirements.**
- Space loss occurs due to decrease in
  - a) Electric field strength**
  - b) Efficiency
  - c) Phase
  - d) Signal power





# Thank you