



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

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Department of MCA

DBMS Dependency Preserving Decomposition

Course Name : 23CAT603 - DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Class : I Year / I Semester

Unit III – Dependency Preserving Decomposition





Dependency Preserving Decomposition



Dependency Preservation: A Decomposition $D = \{ R_1, R_2, R_3 \dots R_n \}$ of R is dependency preserving wrt a set F of Functional dependency if

$$(F_1 \cup F_2 \cup \dots \cup F_m)^+ = F^+.$$

Consider a relation $R \rightarrow F$ {...with some functional dependency(FD)...}

R is decomposed or divided into R_1 with FD $\{ f_1 \}$ and R_2 with $\{ f_2 \}$, then there can be three cases:

$f_1 \cup f_2 = F \rightarrow$ Decomposition is dependency preserving.

$f_1 \cup f_2$ is a subset of $F \rightarrow$ Not Dependency preserving.

$f_1 \cup f_2$ is a super set of $F \rightarrow$ This case is not possible.



Dependency Preserving Decomposition



Problem:

Let a relation $R(A, B, C, D)$ and functional dependency $\{AB \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow A\}$. Relation R is decomposed into $R_1(A, B, C)$ and $R_2(C, D)$. Check whether decomposition is dependency preserving or not.

Solution:

$R_1(A, B, C)$ and $R_2(C, D)$

Let us find closure of F_1 and F_2 To find closure of F_1 , consider all combination of ABC . i.e.,

find closure of A, B, C, AB, BC and AC Note ABC is not considered as it is always ABC

$\text{closure}(A) = \{A\}$ // Trivial

$\text{closure}(B) = \{B\}$ // Trivial

$\text{closure}(C) = \{C, A, D\}$ but D can't be in closure as D is not present R_1 .
 $= \{C, A\}$

$C \rightarrow A$ // Removing C from right side as it is trivial attribute



Dependency Preserving Decomposition



$\text{closure}(AB) = \{A, B, C, D\} = \{A, B, C\}$

$AB \twoheadrightarrow C$ // Removing AB from right side as these are trivial attributes

$\text{closure}(BC) = \{B, C, D, A\} = \{A, B, C\}$

$BC \twoheadrightarrow A$ // Removing BC from right side as these are trivial attributes

$\text{closure}(AC) = \{A, C, D\}$

NULL SET

$F1 \{C \twoheadrightarrow A, AB \twoheadrightarrow C, BC \twoheadrightarrow A\}$.

Similarly $F2 \{C \twoheadrightarrow D\}$

In the original Relation Dependency

$\{AB \twoheadrightarrow C, C \twoheadrightarrow D, D \twoheadrightarrow A\}$.

$AB \twoheadrightarrow C$ is present in $F1$.

$C \twoheadrightarrow D$ is present in $F2$.

$D \twoheadrightarrow A$ is not preserved.

$F1 \cup F2$ is a subset of F . So **given decomposition is not dependency preserving.**



References



1. <https://lnct.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Unit-4-Dependency-preservation-notes-.pdf>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-base-dependency-preserving-decomposition/>