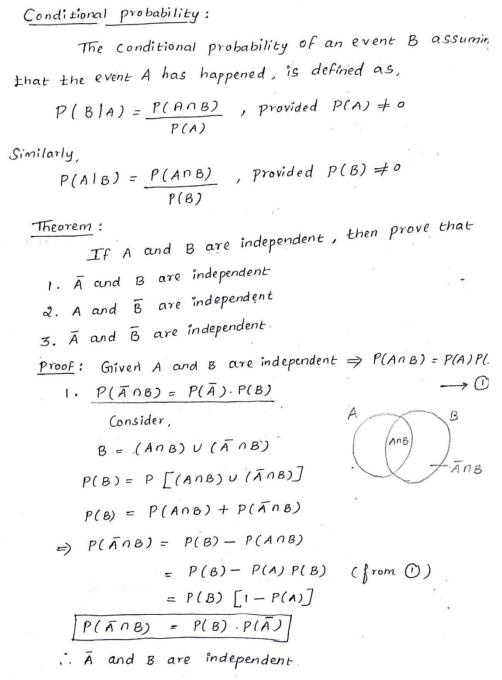


## **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

(An Autonomous Institution)

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS



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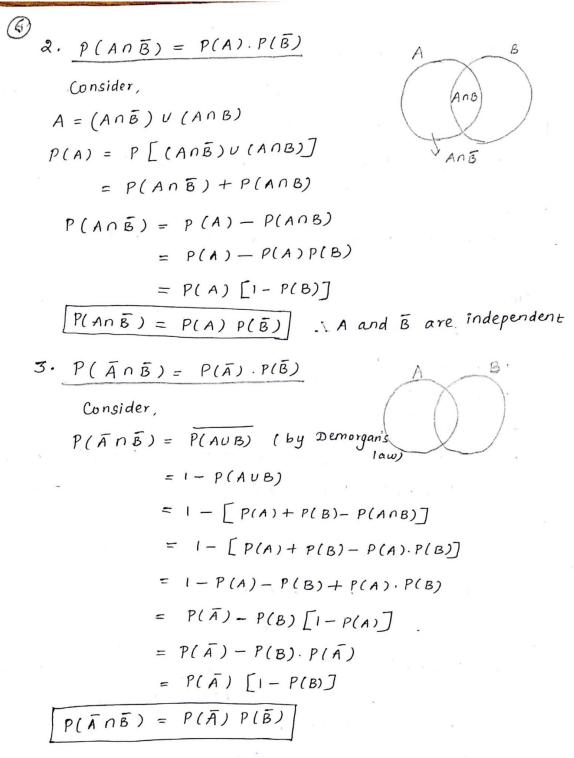
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. A and B are independent.

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23MAT203-PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES

SNSCT/MATHEMATICS



## **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

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PROBLEMS:  
() From a bag containing 5 white balls and 6 green ba  
3 balls are drawn with replacement. What is the chance  
that (i) all are of same colour (ii) they are alternatively  
of different colours.  
Solution:  

$$S = \{ 5W, 6G \}$$
(i) P(all are of Same colour)  

$$= P(all are white or all are green)$$

$$= P(all are white) + P(all are green)$$

$$= P(all are white) + P(IG, IG, IIG)$$

$$= \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{5}{11} + \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{6}{11}$$

$$= \frac{341}{1331}$$
(ii) P(they are alternatively of different Colours)  

$$= P(IW IG IIW wr IG IIW or IG IW IIG)$$

$$= \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{11} + \frac{6}{11} \times \frac{5}{11} \times \frac{6}{11}$$

$$= \frac{150}{1531} + \frac{180}{1331}$$

$$= \frac{330}{1331}$$

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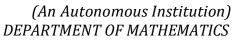
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23MAT203-PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES

SNSCT/MATHEMATICS



# **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**





| DEFARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| D.                                                                                  |
| (a) If A and B are events with $P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$ , $P(B) = \frac{1}{2}$          |
| and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$ , find $P(A^{c} \cap B^{c})$ .                      |
| $\frac{Soln:}{P(AUB)} = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$                                  |
| $= \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{8}$                           |
| $P(A^{c} \cap B^{c}) = P[(A \cup B)^{c}]$                                           |
| = I - P(A b B)                                                                      |
| $= 1 - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$                                                   |
| 3 IF P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.7, P(ANB) = 0.3, find                                     |
| P(ANB) & P(AUB).                                                                    |
| Soln: P(AUR) - P(A) + P(A) - P(ADR)                                                 |
| F(AUB) = F(A) + F(B) - F(B)                                                         |
| = 0.4 + 0.7 - 0.3                                                                   |
| = 0.8                                                                               |
| $P(\overline{A}\overline{D}\overline{B}) = P(\overline{A}\overline{U}\overline{B})$ |
| = 1 - P(AUB)                                                                        |
| = 1 - 0.8                                                                           |
| = 0.2                                                                               |
| $P(\overline{A} \cup \overline{B}) = P(\overline{A} \cap \overline{B})$             |
| $= 1 - P(A \cap B)$                                                                 |
| = 1-0.3                                                                             |
| = 0.7                                                                               |

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