

### **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**Coimbatore-35 An Autonomous Institution** 

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

### **OPTICAL AND MICROWAVE ENGINEERING**

III YEAR/ VI SEMESTER

**UNIT I – MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES** 

**TOPIC 1 – S PARAMETERS** 







### **Guess the Topic????**



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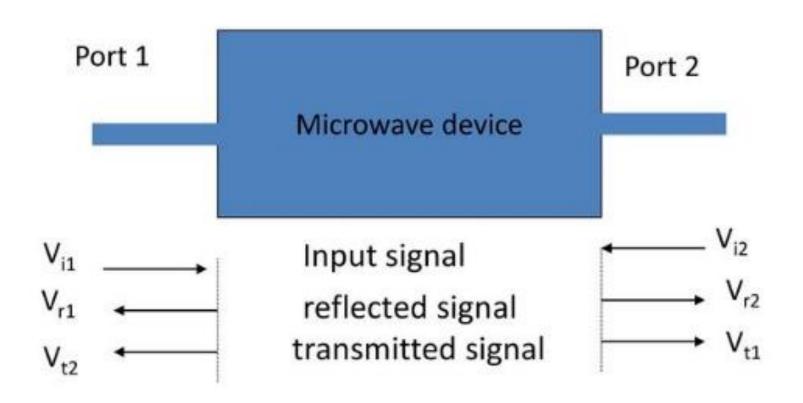
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### **S PARAMETERS**



Transmission and reflection coefficients

$$\tau = \frac{V_t}{V_i} \qquad \rho = \frac{V_r}{V_i}$$

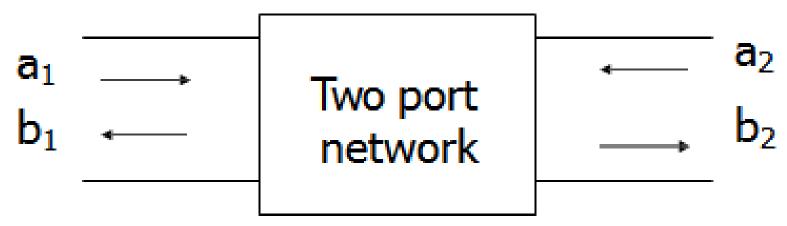
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### **S PARAMETERS**

- Incident and reflected waves are being monitored instead.
- Resistive termination is employed.
- Active devices are normally quite stable under resistive termination.

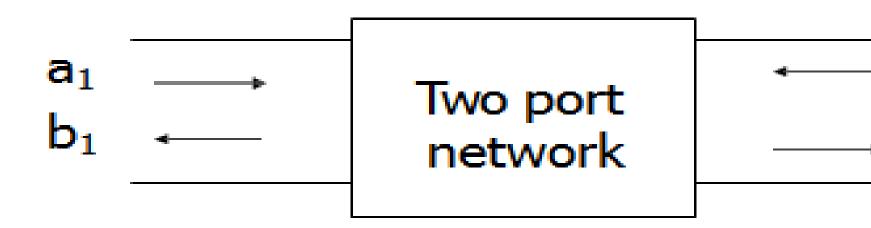


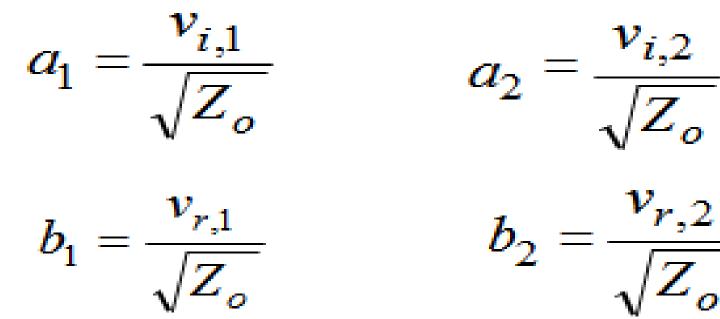


 $a_2$ 



### **Scattering Parameters**





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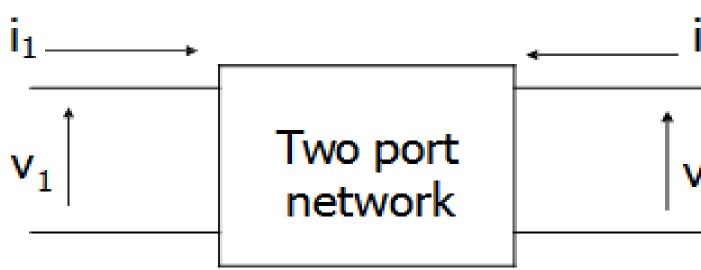
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### $a_2$ b<sub>2</sub>



### Waves and Total voltage/current



$$v_1 = \left(a_1 + b_1\right) \sqrt{Z_0}$$

$$i_1 = (a_1 - b_1) \frac{1}{\sqrt{Z_0}}$$

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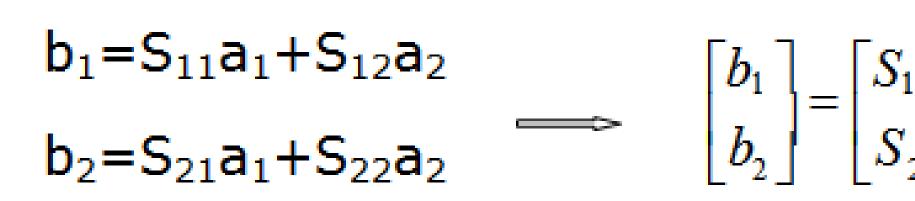


12  $V_2$ 

 $v_{2} = (a_{2} + b_{2})\sqrt{Z_{0}}$  $i_{2} = (a_{2} - b_{2})\frac{1}{\sqrt{Z_{0}}}$ 



**Scattering parameters** 



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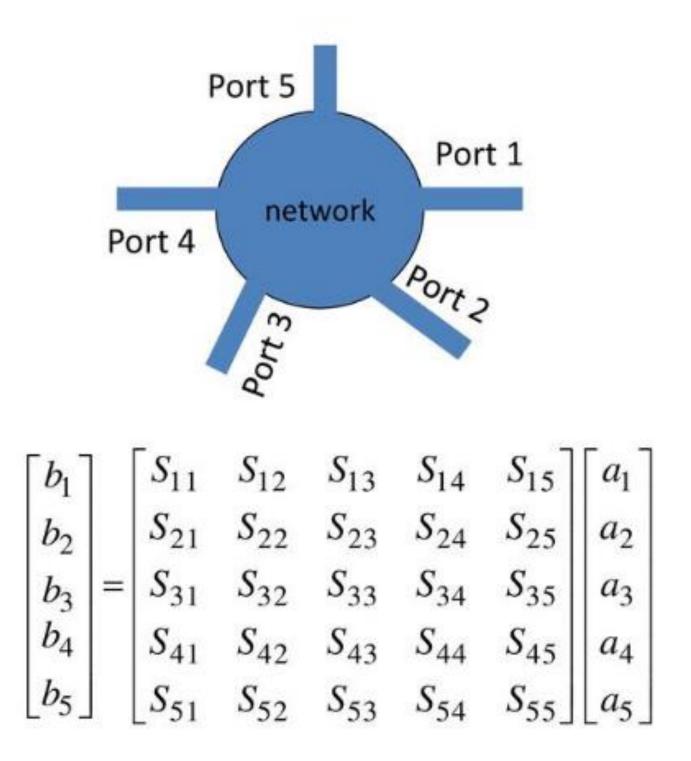




# $\begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & a_1 \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & a_2 \end{bmatrix}$



### **Multiport Network**



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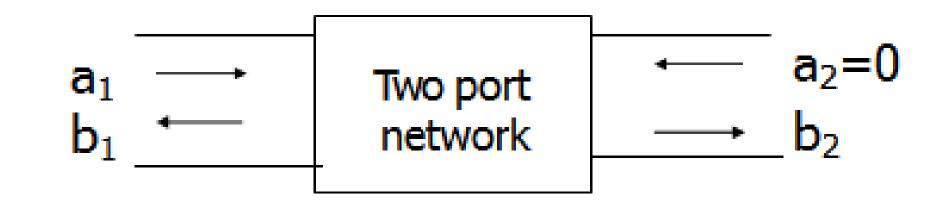
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### **Scattering parameters**

$$S_{11} = \frac{b_1}{a_1}$$



$$S_{21} = \frac{b_2}{a_1}$$

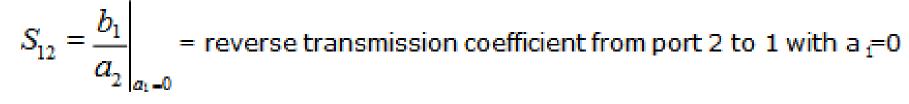
= forward transmission coefficient from port 1 to 2 with a<sub>2</sub>=0

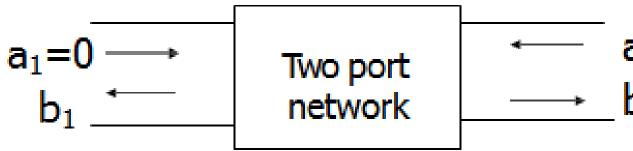
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### 2-port network (new terms)





$$S_{22} = \frac{b_2}{a_2} \bigg|_{a_1 = 0}$$
 = reflection coefficier

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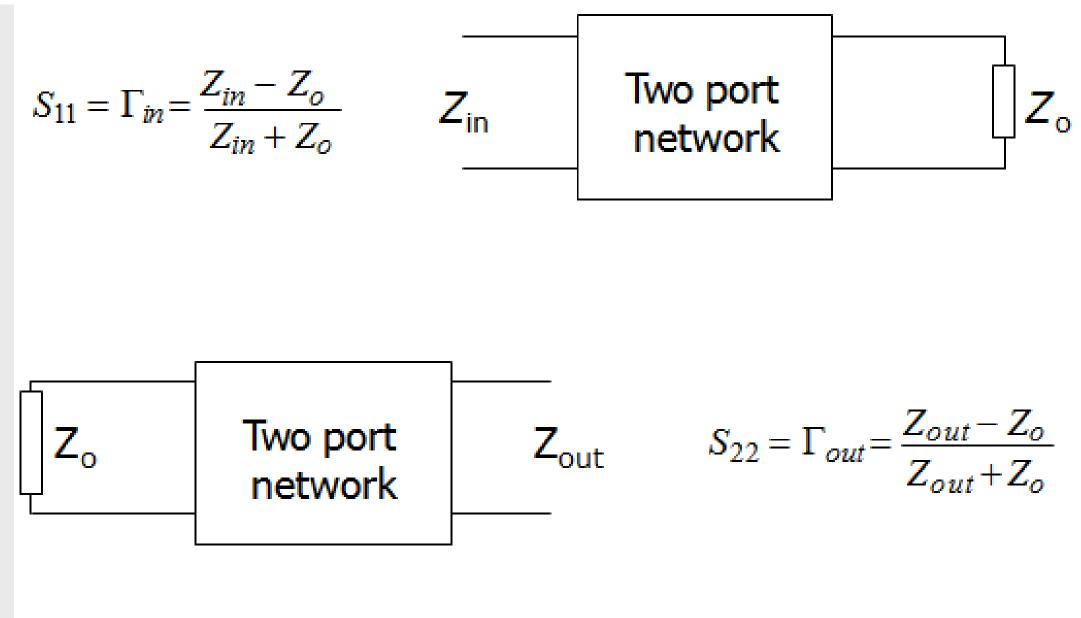


 $a_2$  $b_2$ 

nt at port 2 with a 1=0



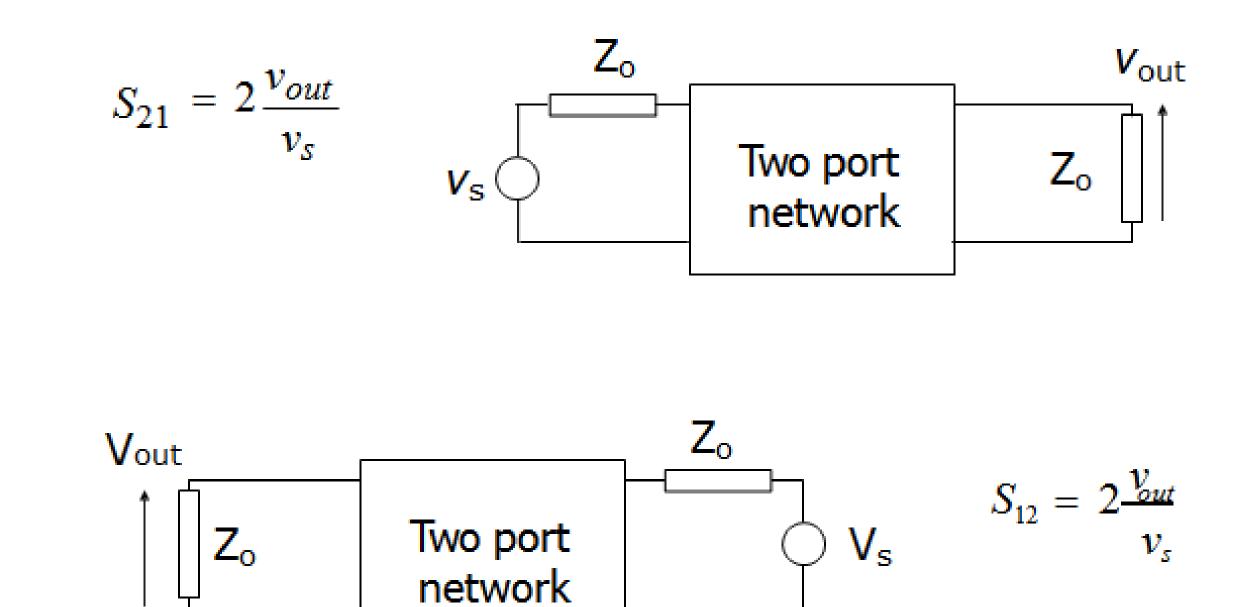
### **Evaluation of S11 and S22**







### **Evaluation of S11 and S22**

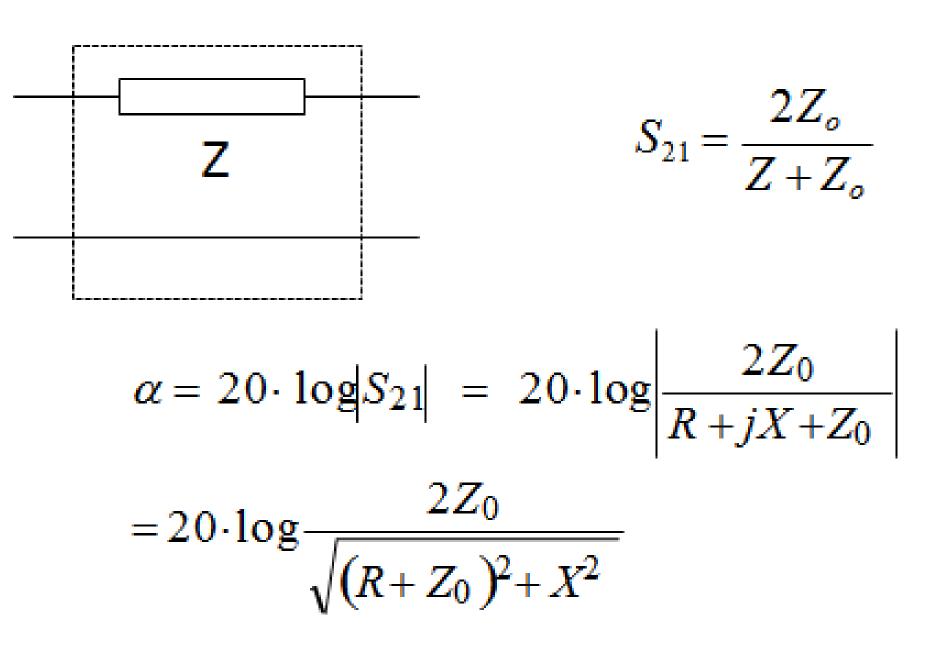


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### **Example (Attenuation)**







### **Example (Phase Shift)**

 $\phi = \angle S_{21}$  $= \angle \frac{2Z_o}{R + 2Z_o + jX}$  $= \angle (2Z_o) - \angle (R + 2Z_o + jX)$ 

 $= -\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{X}{R+2Z_o}\right)$ 

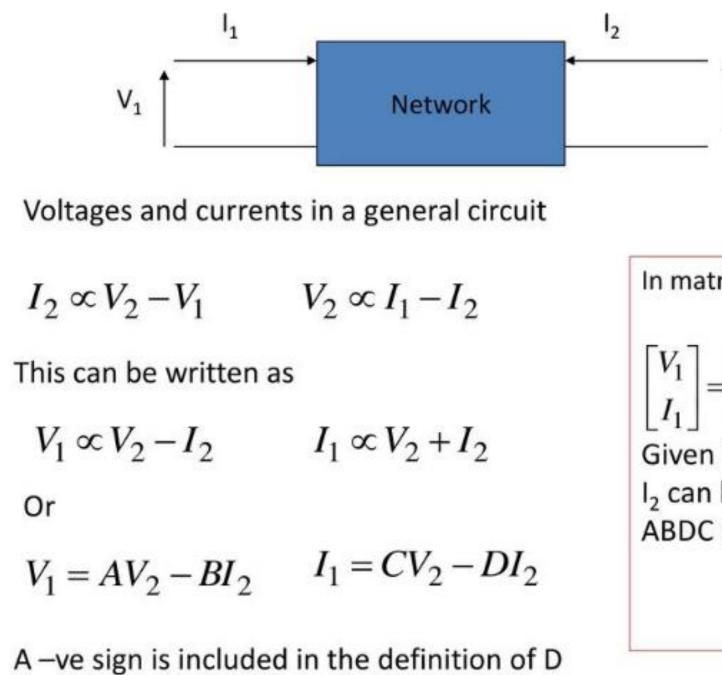
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### **ABCD PARAMETERS**



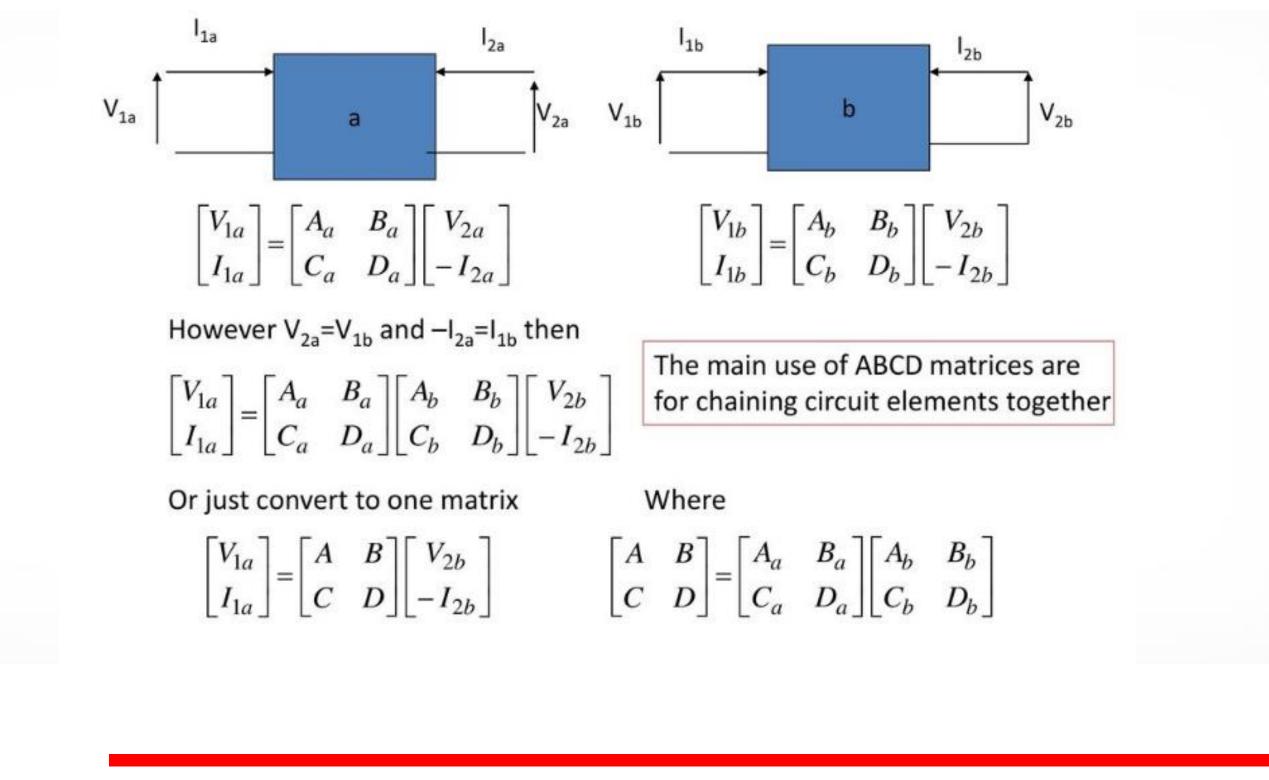


### In matrix form

 $\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_2 \\ -I_2 \end{bmatrix}$ Given V<sub>1</sub> and I<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>2</sub> can be determined if ABDC matrix is known.



### **Cascaded Network**







**S-ABCD Conversion** 

$$\begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{A + BY_o - CZ_o - D} \\ \Delta \\ \underline{2} \\ \Delta \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{A + BY_o - CZ_o - D} \\ \underline{\Delta} \\ \underline{2} \\ \underline{2} \\ \Delta \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\Delta = A + BY_o + CZ_o + D$ 

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<u>2(AD – BC)</u>  $+BY_o - CZ_o + D$  $\Delta$ 



### **THANK YOU**

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