Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithm Efficiency

- Analysis Framework
- Asymptotic Notations and its properties
- Mathematical analysis of Recursive algorithms
- Mathematical analysis of Non Recursive algorithms

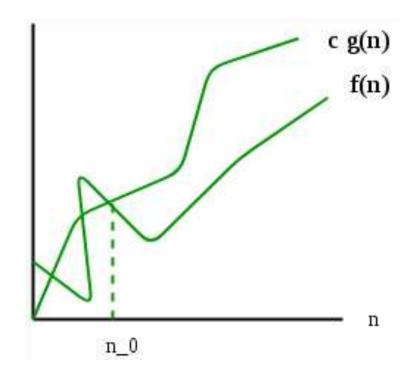


Asymptotic Notations and its properties

- Analysis framework Efficiency order of growth
- Order of growth change in order of input size
- Study of performance changes of algorithm with change in order of input → *Asymptotic Analysis*
- Compare and Rank order of growth \rightarrow 3 Notations
- Mathematical tool to represent the time complexity of algorithm for Asymptotic Analysis is *Asymptotic Notation*
- *Notations*
 - Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)
 - Big Ω Notation (Best-case efficiency)
 - Big Θ Notation (Average-case efficiency)

Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)

- Upper bound of the running time of an algorithm
- $O(g(n)) = \{ f(n): \text{ there exist positive constants c and } n0 \text{ such that } 0 \le f(n) \le cg(n) \text{ for all } n \ge n0 \}$
- $f(n) \in O(g(n))$

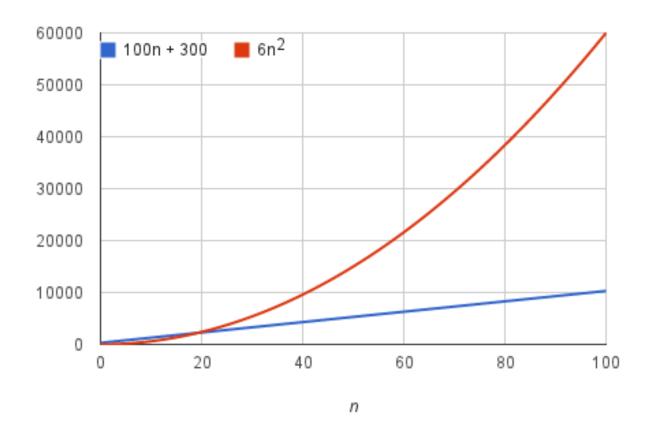


Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)

n	f(n) = 100n + 300	$g(n) = 6n^2$
1	400	6
2	500	24
3	600	54
4	700	96
5	800	150
10	1300	600
15	1800	1350
20	2300	2400
21	2400	2646
22	2500	2904
23	2600	3174

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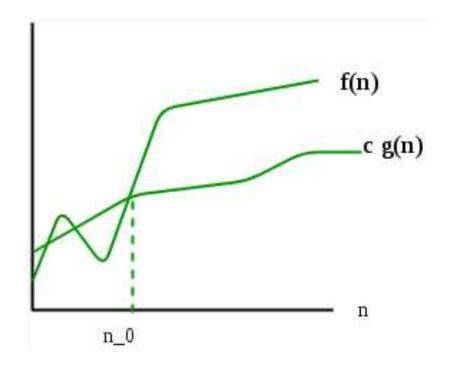
Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency) - Example



What is n_0 here?

Big Ω Notation (Best-case efficiency)

- lower bound of the running time of the algorithm
- $\Omega(g(n)) = \{ f(n): \text{ there exist positive constants c and } n_0 \text{ such that } 0 \le cg(n) \le f(n) \text{ for all } n \ge n_0 \}$



Big Θ Notation (Average-case efficiency)

- Encloses the function from above and below
- upper and the lower bound of the running time of algorithm
- $\Theta(g(n)) = \{ f(n): \text{ there exist positive constants c1, c2 and n0}$ such that $0 \le c1g(n) \le f(n) \le c2g(n) \text{ for all } n \ge n0 \}$

