



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35



DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING

23CST202- OPERATING SYSTEMS

II YEAR AIML B IV SEM

UNIT 1 – OVERVIEW AND PROCESS MANAGEMENT

TOPIC – OPERATING SYSTEM PROCESS CONCEPT

OPERATING SYSTEM/DR.KIRUBA M/APIT/SNSCT



PROCESS CONCEPTS



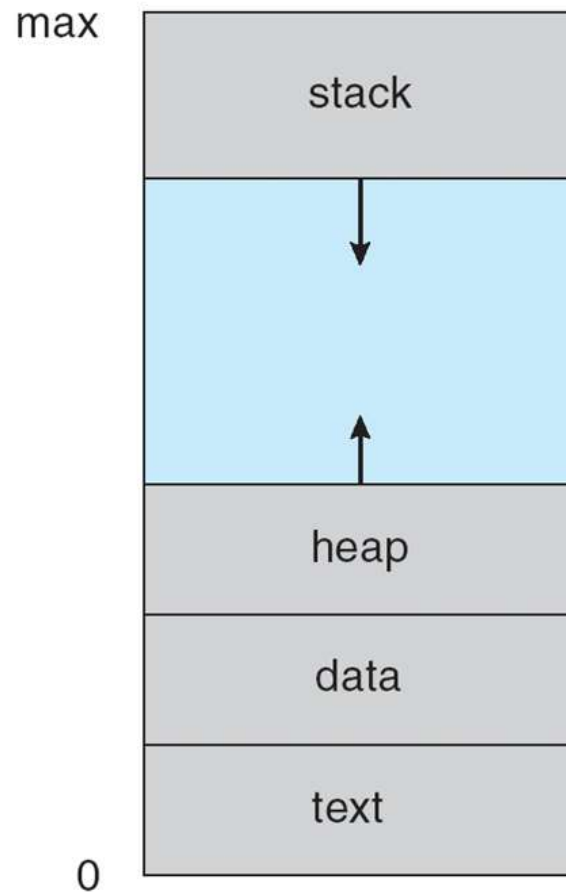
- An operating system executes a variety of programs:
 - Batch system – **jobs**
 - Time-shared systems – **user programs** or **tasks**
- Textbook uses the terms **job** and **process** almost interchangeably
- **Process** – a program in execution; process execution must progress in sequential fashion
- Multiple parts
 - The program code, also called **text section**
 - Current activity including **program counter**, processor registers
 - **Stack** containing temporary data
 - Function parameters, return addresses, local variables
 - **Data section** containing global variables
 - **Heap** containing memory dynamically allocated during run time



- Program is ***passive*** entity stored on disk (**executable file**), process is ***active***
 - Program becomes process when executable file loaded into memory
- Execution of program started via GUI mouse clicks, command line entry of its name, etc
- One program can be several processes
 - Consider multiple users executing the same program



Process in Memory





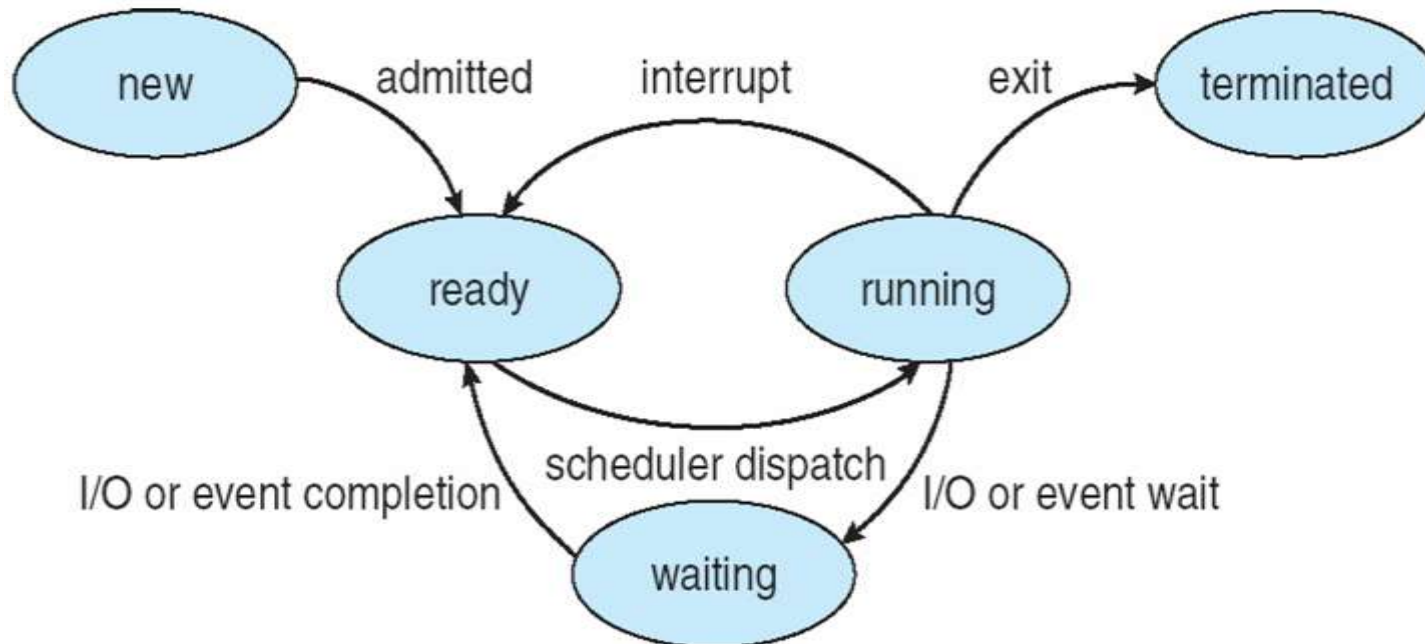
Process State



- As a process executes, it changes **state**
 - **new**: The process is being created
 - **running**: Instructions are being executed
 - **waiting**: The process is waiting for some event to occur
 - **ready**: The process is waiting to be assigned to a processor
 - **terminated**: The process has finished execution



Diagram of Process State





Process Control Block (PCB)





Information associated with each process
(also called **task control block**)

- Process state – running, waiting, etc
- Program counter – location of instruction to next execute
- CPU registers – contents of all process-centric registers
- CPU scheduling information- priorities, scheduling queue pointers
- Memory-management information – memory allocated to the process
- Accounting information – CPU used, clock time elapsed since start, time limits
- I/O status information – I/O devices allocated to process, list of open files



CPU Switch From Process to Process

