



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution)

Coimbatore-641035.



UNIT-II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Higher order linear differential equations with
constant coefficients

Type : II

$$R(x) = \cos ax (\text{or}) \sin ax.$$

* Replace $D^2 = -a^2$

$\frac{I}{P} = \text{Integrate}$

Example : 1.

$$\text{Solve } (D^2 + 4)y = \cos 2x$$

Soln: Given,

$$(D^2 + 4)y = \cos 2x$$

The A.E is $m^2 + 4 = 0$

$$m^2 = -4$$

$$m^2 = (-1)4$$

$$m^2 = i^2 \cdot 2^2$$

$$m = \pm 2i$$

$$\alpha + \beta i = 0 + 2i \Rightarrow \alpha = 0; \beta = 2$$

$$C.F = e^{0x} [A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x] \quad a=2 \quad D^2 = -a^2 = -4$$

$$P.I = \frac{1}{D^2 + 4} \cos 2x$$

$$P.I = \frac{1}{0} \cdot \cos 2x$$

$$P.I = \frac{x}{2} \cdot \cos 2x$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} \int \cos 2x \cdot dx$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{\sin 2x}{2}$$

$$P.I = \frac{x \sin 2x}{4}$$

$$y = C.F + P.I$$



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$$R(x) = x^n \quad \text{where } n \in \mathbb{N} \quad x^n = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots$$

$$1. (1+x)^{-1} = 1 - x + x^2 - \dots$$

$$2. (1-x)^{-1} = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots$$

$$3. (1+x)^1 = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots$$

$$4. (1+x)^{-2} = 1 - 2x + 3x^2 - 4x^3 + \dots$$

$$5. \frac{1}{D} = \int f(x) \cdot dx$$

6. D = differentiate

Example: 1

Find the particular integral of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + 2x + 4$

$$\text{Soln: } D^2y + Dy = x^2 + 2x + 4$$

$$(D^2 + D)y = x^2 + 2x + 4$$

The A.E is $m^2 + m = 0$

$$m(m+1) = 0$$

$$m=0 \quad m=-1$$

$$C.F = Ae^{0x} + Be^{-x}$$

$$P.I = \frac{1}{f(D)} \cdot R(x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{D(D+1)} \cdot x^2 + 2x + 4$$

$$= \frac{1}{D(D+1)} \cdot x^2 + 2x + 4$$

$$= \frac{1}{D} \frac{1}{(D+1)} (x^2 + 2x + 4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{D} [1 - D + D^2 - \dots] (x^2 + 2x + 4)$$



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$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{D} [x^2 + 2x + 4 - D(x^2 + 2x + 4) + D^2(x^2 - 2x + 4)] \\ &= \frac{1}{D} [x^2 + 2x + 4 - 2x - 2 + 2] \\ &= \frac{1}{D} [x^2 + 4] \\ &= \int (x^2 + 4) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$P.T = \left(\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x \right)$$

$$y = C.F + P.T$$

$$y = (Ae^{0x} + Be^{-2x}) + \frac{x^3}{3} + 4x$$