



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A++' Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

23CAT607- CROSS-PLATFORM APP DEVELOPMENT

I YEAR II SEM

UNIT 2 – FLUTTER BASICS

TOPIC 6 – Introduction to Widgets

Widgets

Each element on the screen of the Flutter app is a widget. The view of the screen completely depends upon the choice and sequence of the widgets used to build the apps. And the structure of the code of apps is a tree of widgets.

Category of Widgets

Mainly 14 Categories

Accessibility

- These are the set of widgets that make a Flutter app more easily accessible.

Animation and Motion

- These widgets add animation to other widgets.

Assets, Images, and Icons

- These widgets take charge of assets such as display images and show icons.

Async

- These provide async functionality in the Flutter application.

Basics

- These are the bundle of widgets that are absolutely necessary for the development of any Flutter application.

Cupertino

- These are the iOS-designed widgets.

Input

- This set of widgets provides input functionality in a Flutter application.

Interaction Models

- These widgets are here to manage touch events and route users to different views in the application

Layout

- This bundle of widgets helps in placing the other widgets on the screen as needed.

Material Components

- This is a set of widgets that mainly follow material design by Google..

Painting and effects

- This is the set of widgets that apply visual changes to their child widgets without changing their layout or shape.

Scrolling

- This provides scrollability of to a set of other widgets that are not scrollable by default.

Styling

- This deals with the theme, responsiveness, and sizing of the app.

Text

- This displays text.

Types of Widgets



Stateless Widget

Stateless Widget is a type of widget which once built , then it's properties and state can't be changed. These widgets are immutable, once created can't be modified.

Examples: Display Text , Icons, Images, etc.

Stateful Widget

Stateful Widgets is a type of widget that can change state. It can maintain and update the appearance in the response to change in state.

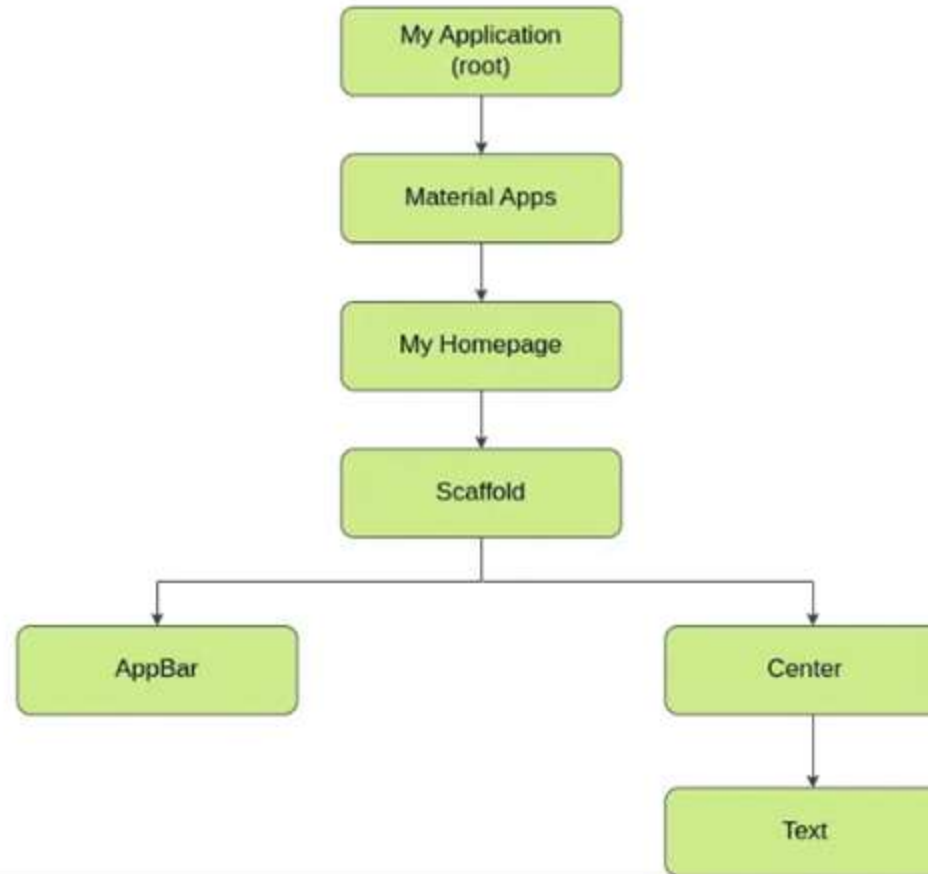
Examples: Buttons, Sliders, Text Fields, etc.

Implementation of Stateful and Stateless Widgets

- Scaffold – Implements the basic material design visual layout structure.

- App-Bar – To create a bar at the top of the screen.

- Text To write anything on the screen.



- Container – To contain any widget.

- Center – To provide center alignment to other widgets.

Stateless Widgets:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

// function to trigger build process
void main() => runApp(const tree());

class tree extends StatelessWidget {
  tree({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
}
```

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return MaterialApp(
    home: Scaffold(
      backgroundColor: Colors.lightGreen,
      appBar: AppBar(
        backgroundColor: Colors.green,
        title: const Text("GeeksforGeeks"),
      ), // AppBar
      body: Container(
        child: const Center(
          child: Text("Hello Flutter!!"),
        ), // Center
      ), // Container
    ), // Scaffold
  ); // MaterialApp
}
```

Stateful Widgets.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(const MyApp());

class MyApp extends StatefulWidget {
  const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
```

```
@override
  // ignore: library_private_types_in_public_api
  _MyAppState createState() => _MyAppState();
}
```

```
class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      home: Scaffold(
        backgroundColor: Colors.lightGreen,
        appBar: AppBar(
          backgroundColor: Colors.green,
          title: const Text("GeeksforGeeks"),
        ), // AppBar
        body: const Center(
          child: Text("Hello Geeks!!"),
        ), // Container
      ), // Scaffold
    ); // MaterialApp
  }
}
```


OUTPUT





**THANK
YOU**