

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution) Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A++' Grade (Cycle III) & Accredited by NBA (B.E - CSE, EEE, ECE, Mech & B.Tech.IT) COIMBATORE-641 035, TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Bilinear Chansformation $\frac{(\omega - \omega_1) (\omega_2 - \omega_3)}{(\omega - \omega_3) (\omega_2 - \omega_1)} = \frac{(z - z_1) (z_2 - z_3)}{(z - z_3) (z_2 - z_1)}$ Type I: one of the value of Z-plane or w-plane is a () Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points Z=0,1, of into w= i,1, -i lespl-Soln: $Z_1 = 0$, $Z_2 = 10$, $Z_3 = \infty$, $i_1 = 1$ $w_1 = i$, $w_2 = 1$, $w_3 = -i$ and $w_1 = i$. $\frac{(w-i)(1+i)}{(w+i)(1-i)} = \frac{(z-o)}{(1-o)} = \frac{z}{1}$ Matri $\frac{(\omega - i2)(1+i)}{(\omega + i1)(1-i)} \times \frac{1+i}{1-i} = Z^{\times} = \omega$ $\frac{(w-i)(1+2i-1)}{(w+i)(1+1)} = z^{mi} = z^{mi} = 0$ $\frac{(w+i)(1+1)}{(w-i)b^{i}} = z^{mi} = 0$ $\frac{(\omega-i)\,\underline{\lambda}i}{2(\omega+i)} = z$ (u-i)i = z(w+i) g-xi = w $\omega i + 1 = z \omega + z i \qquad \omega + y$ W(i-z) = Zi-1



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DEPATMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Type 2: No Value is
$$\infty$$

(1) Find the bilinean trans mapping the points
 $z = 1, i, -1$ into the points $\omega = 2, i, -2$ respl-
soln:
 $(\omega-2)(i+2) = (2-i)(i+i)$
 $(\omega+2)(i-2) = (2-i)(i+i)(i-2)$
 $(\omega+2) = (2-i)(i+i)(i-2)$
By componendo - Dividendo $\exists uie$, $\begin{bmatrix} b = a \\ a+b \\ a-b \end{bmatrix} = \frac{a+a}{(2-i)}$
 $(\omega-2+\omega+2) = (2-i)(3+i) + (2+i)(3-i)$
 $(\omega-2-\omega-2) = (2-i)(3+i) + (2+i)(3-i)$
 $\frac{2\omega}{\omega-2-\omega-2} = \frac{6z-2i}{(2-i)(3+i)-(2+i)(3-i)}$
 $\frac{2\omega}{\omega} = \frac{6z-2i}{(2-3)}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} \omega = -6z+2i \\ iz-3 \end{bmatrix}$
(2) $Z = 1, i, -1$ onto $\omega = i, 0, -i$
 $\frac{-50h}{\omega}$