VLSI DESIGN MCQ QUESTIONS PDF

1. Which circuits work on low voltages?

- 1. Discrete circuits
- 2. Integrated circuits
- 3. All of above
- 4. None of above

Answer: Integrated circuits

2. The initial step involved in the IC fabrication is ______.

- 1. Silicon wafer preparation
- 2. Metallization
- 3. Ion implantation
- 4. Oxidation

Answer: Silicon wafer preparation

3. Wafers properties depends upon the ______ of crystalline structures.

- 1. Concentrations of impurity
- 2. Orientation
- 3. Presence of various impurities
- 4. All the above

Answer: All the above

4. More amount of power can be handled by ______ circuits.

- 1. Discrete
- 2. Integrated
- 3. All of above
- 4. None of above

Answer: Discrete

- 1. Metallization
- 2. Oxidation
- 3. Reverse biased PN junction
- 4. Forward biased PN junction

Answer: Reverse biased PN junction

6. The process in which the impurities added to the pure form of silicon is known as

- 1. Metallization
- 2. Oxidation
- 3. Orientation
- 4. Doping

Answer: Doping

7. In silicon the ability of controlling the various impurities and the concentration of doping leads to the formation of_____

- 1. Transistors
- 2. Resistors
- 3. Diodes
- 4. All the above

Answer: All the above

8. Isolation among the devices is a must in ______ circuits.

- 1. Discrete
- 2. Integrated
- 3. All of above
- 4. None of above

Answer: Discrete

9. What are the types of oxidation?

- 1. Wet oxidation
- 2. Dry oxidation
- 3. None of the above
- 4. All of above

Answer: None of the above

10. What is the second step in the IC fabrication?

- 1. Oxidation
- 2. Metallization
- 3. Doping
- 4. Orientation

Answer: Oxidation

11. The silicon wafer when reacted with oxygen is converted to _____

- 1. Silicon oxide
- 2. Silicon dioxide
- 3. Oxygen
- 4. Silica

Answer: Silicon dioxide

12. The thickness and the size of the crystal is _____ proportional to each other

- 1. Inversely
- 2. Indirectly
- 3. Directly
- 4. None

Answer: Directly

13. The resistivity of the crystal is controlled by the value of _____ added

- 1. Substrate
- 2. Dopant
- 3. Capacitance
- 4. Resistance

Answer: Dopant

14. Masking oxide preparation prefers _____

- 1. Wet oxidation
- 2. Dry oxidation
- 3. All of above
- 4. None of the above

Answer: None of the above

15. Deposition of gate oxide prefers _____

- 1. Wet oxidation
- 2. Dry oxidation
- 3. None of the above
- 4. All of above

Answer: Dry oxidation

16. What is the most critical step in the fabrication of MOSFETs?

- 1. Silicon oxidation
- 2. Wafer preparation
- 3. Field oxidation
- 4. Gate oxide

Answer: Gate oxide

17. _____ takes active participation performance wise

1. Silicon oxide

- 2. Gate oxide
- 3. Field oxide
- 4. Substrate

Answer: Gate oxide

18. The diffusion of n+ layer can occur by using _____ dopan

- 1. Arsenic
- 2. Antimony
- 3. All of above
- 4. Either a or b

Answer: Either a or b

19. Heavily doped silicon has _____ resistivity.

- 1. Medium
- 2. High
- 3. Ultra high
- 4. Low

Answer: High

20. Doping can also be done by using _____

- 1. Contact metallization
- 2. Diffusion
- 3. Oxidation
- 4. Ion implantation

Answer: Diffusion

21. The thickness of field oxide in the MOSFET is _____

- 1. Medium
- 2. High
- 3. Ultra high
- 4. Low

Answer: High

22. Field oxide is the first step of fabrication in _____

- 1. UJT
- 2. BJT
- 3. MOSFET
- 4. CMOS

Answer: MOSFET

23. What is next step after Photolithography?

- 1. Metallization
- 2. Oxidation
- 3. Orientation
- 4. Diffusion

Answer: Diffusion

24. The classification of ICs is also based on _____

- 1. Presence of the active devices
- 2. Number of transistors present
- 3. None of the above
- 4. All of above

Answer: Number of transistors present

25. For a p-type substrate the diffusion is performed with ______.

- 1. N+
- 2. P+
- 3. None of the above
- 4. All of above

Answer: N+

26. The number of transistors present in LSI are _____

- 1. 100-1000
- 2. Less than 10
- 3. Between 1000-10,000
- 4. 10-100

Answer: 100-1000

27. Sio2 is excellent at _____

- 1. Dielectric
- 2. Masking
- 3. Insulating
- 4. All the above

Answer: All the above

28. How many gates are present on each chip for Medium scale integration?

- 1. 30-300
- 2. 300-3000
- 3. 3-30

4. None

Answer: 30-300

29. Oxidation in silicon can be occurred by raising _____

- 1. Humidity
- 2. Pressure
- 3. Volume
- 4. Temperature

Answer: Temperature

30. Integration circuits possess _____ basic generations.

- 1. Four
- 2. Five
- 3. Three
- 4. Six

Answer: Four