



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution



Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

19ECB302–VLSI DESIGN

III YEAR/ V SEMESTER

UNIT 2 –COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

TOPIC 4 & 5 –Pseudo nMOS logic & Domino Logic



OUTLINE



- **Pseudo NMOS logic**
 - Comparison of 3 Gates
 - Pseudo nMOS Design & power calculation
- **Dynamic Logic**
 - The Foot, Logical Effort, Monotonicity problem
- **Activity**
- **Domino Gates**
 - Optimization, Dual Rail
- **Assessment**
- **Summary**



Pseudo NMOS logic



- The inverter that uses a p-device pull-up or load that has its gate permanently ground.
- An n-device pull-down or driver is driven with the input signal. This roughly equivalent to use of a depletion load is **Nmos** technology and is thus called '**Pseudo-NMOS**'.
- This circuit is used in a variety of CMOS **logic** circuits



Pseudo NMOS logic – Advantage and Disadvantage



- The **advantage** of pseudo-NMOS logic are its high **speed** (especially, in large-fan-in NOR gates) and low transistor count.
- The **Disadvantage** On the negative side is the static **power** consumption of the pull-up transistor as well as the reduced output voltage swing and gain, which makes the gate more susceptible to noise.



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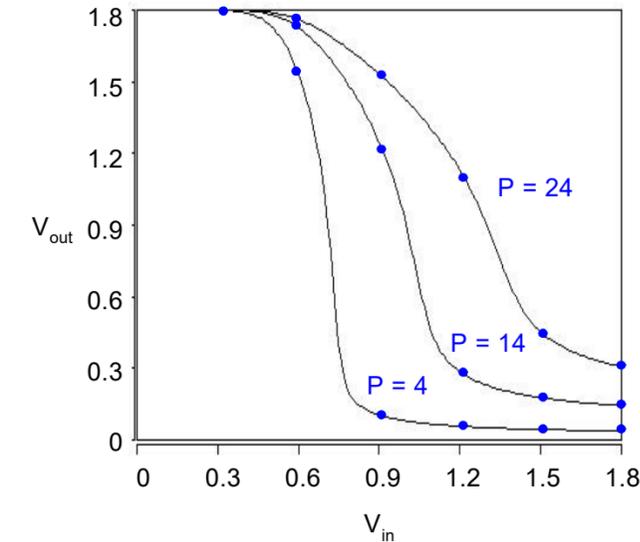
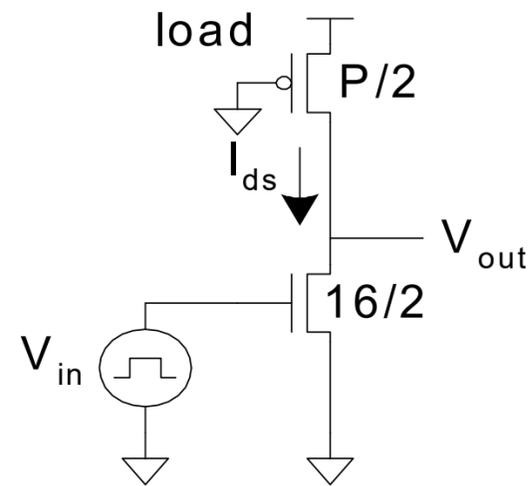
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Pseudo-nMOS



In the old days, nMOS processes had no pMOS
Instead, use pull-up transistor that is always ON
In CMOS, use a pMOS that is always ON
Ratio issue
Make pMOS about $\frac{1}{4}$ effective strength of pull down network

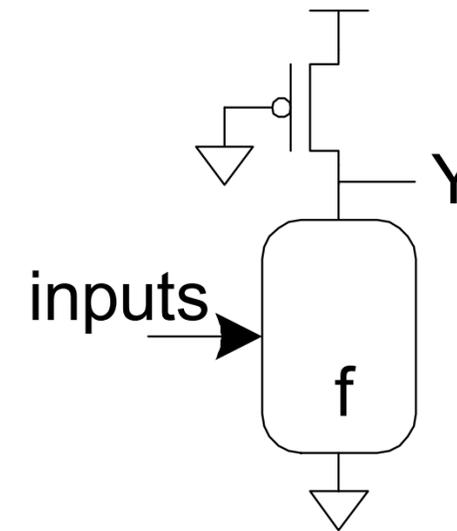




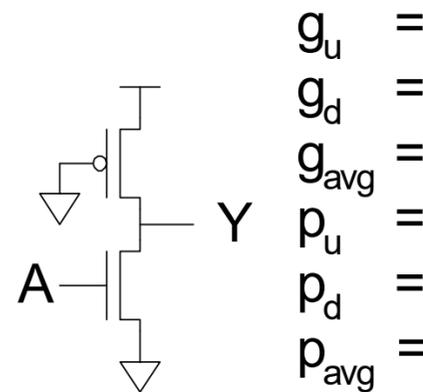
Pseudo-nMOS Gates



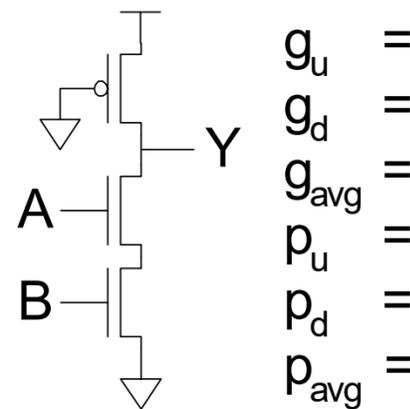
- Design for unit current on output to compare with unit inverter.
- pMOS fights nMOS



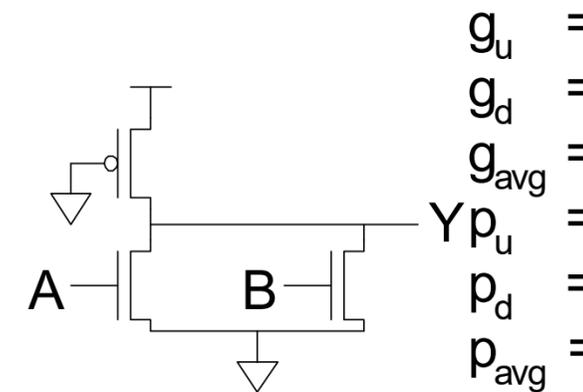
Inverter



NAND2



NOR2

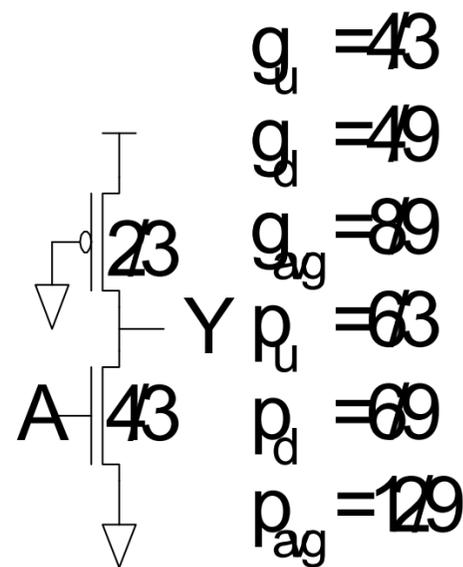




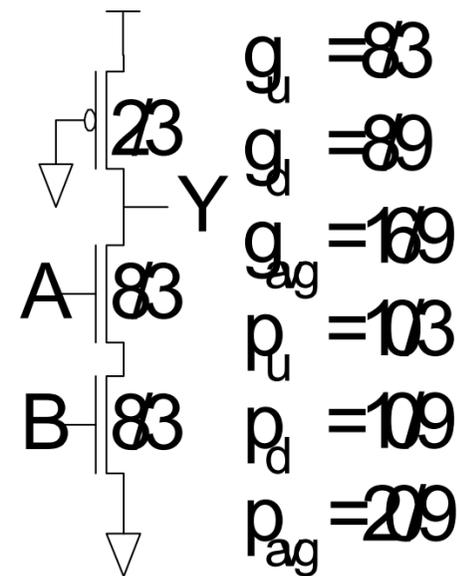
Comparison



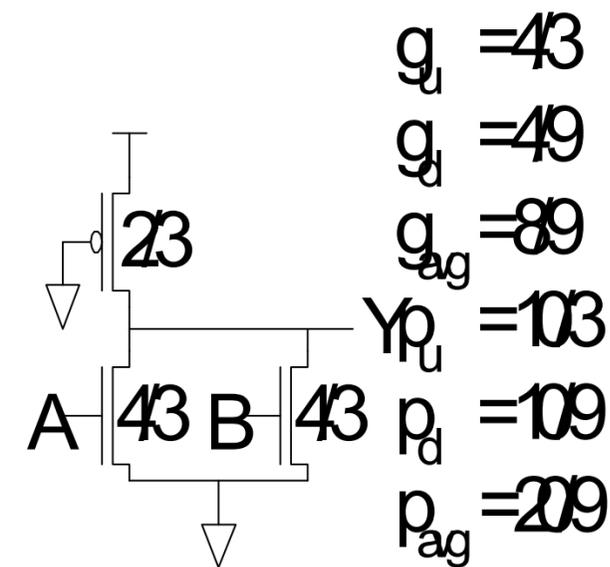
Inverter



AND2



NOR2



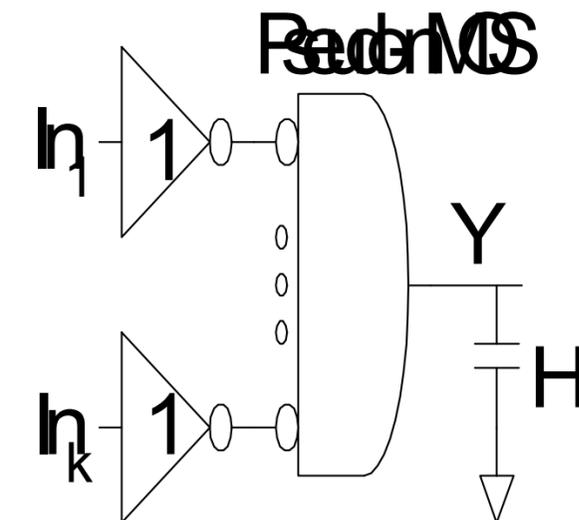


Pseudo-nMOS Design



- Ex: Design a k-input AND gate using pseudo-nMOS. Estimate the delay driving a fanout of H

- $G = 1 * 8/9 = 8/9$
- $F = GBH = 8H/9$
- $P = 1 + (4+8k)/9 = (8k+13)/9$
- $N = 2 \quad \frac{4\sqrt{2H}}{3} + \frac{8k+13}{9}$
- $D = NF^{1/N} + P =$





Pseudo-nMOS Power



Pseudo-nMOS draws power whenever $Y = 0$

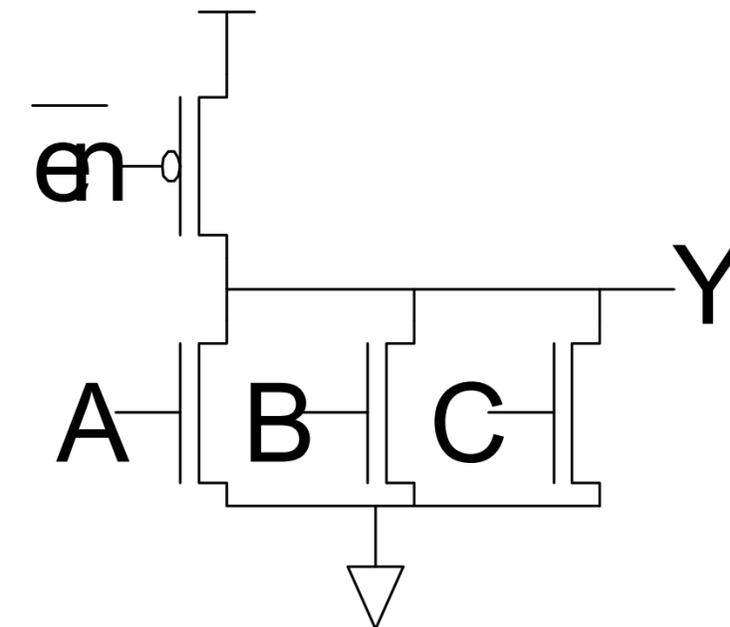
Called static power $P = I \cdot V_{DD}$

A few mA / gate * 1M gates would be a problem

This is why nMOS went extinct!

Use pseudo-nMOS sparingly for wide NORs

Turn off pMOS when not in use

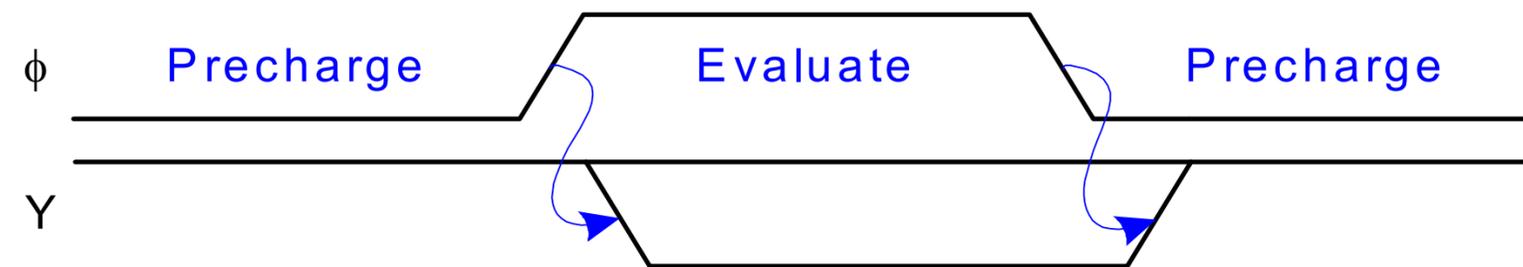
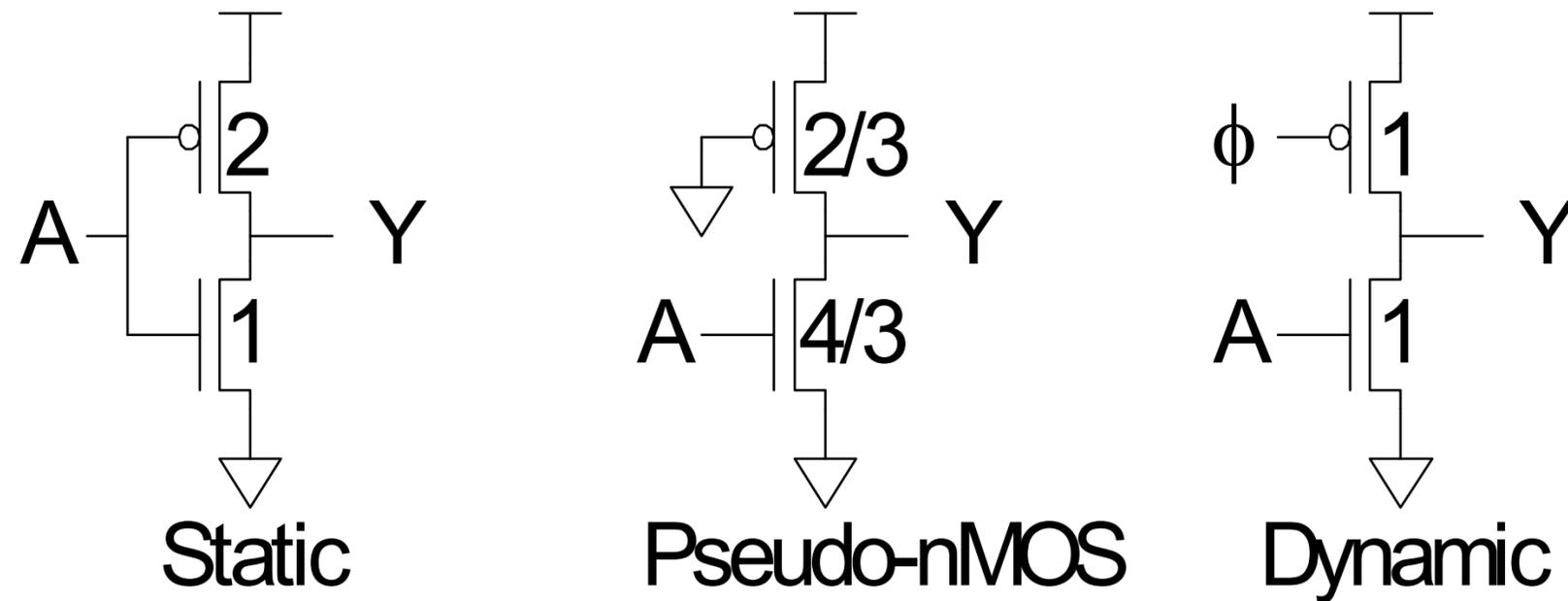




Dynamic Logic



Dynamic gates uses a clocked pMOS pullup
Two modes: precharge and evaluate

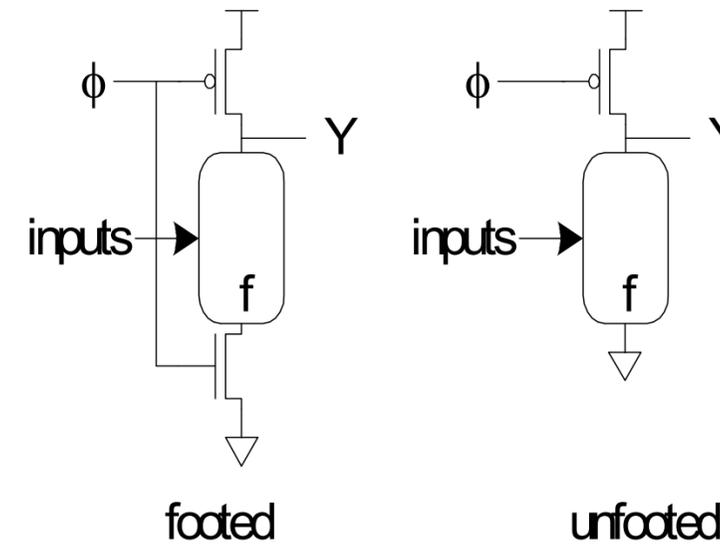
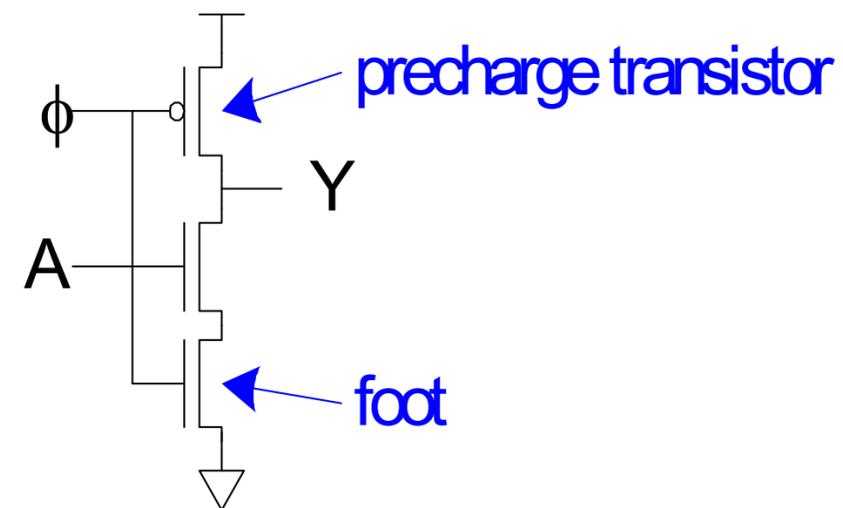




The Foot



What if pull down network is ON during precharge?
Use series evaluation transistor to prevent fight.



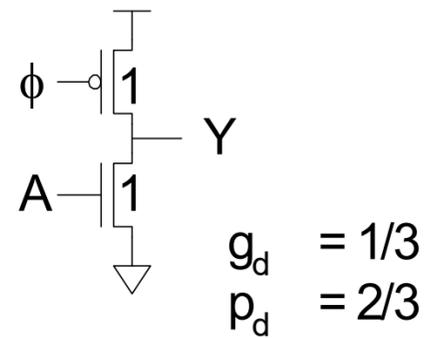


Logical Effort

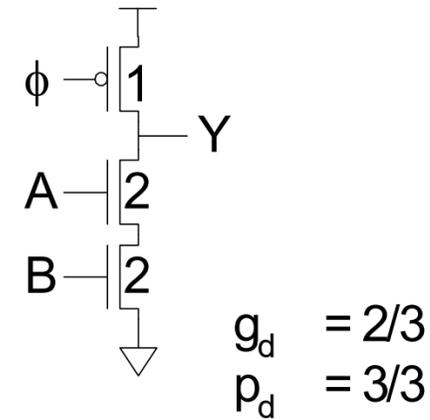


unfooted

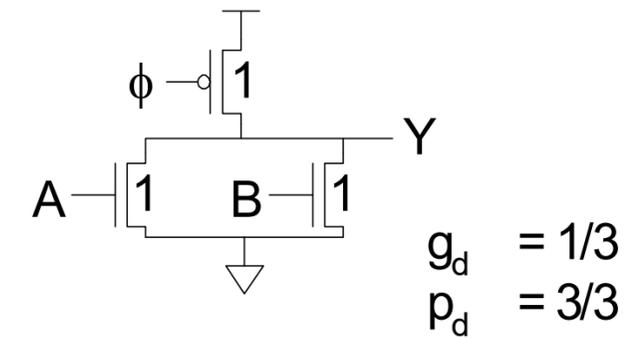
Inverter



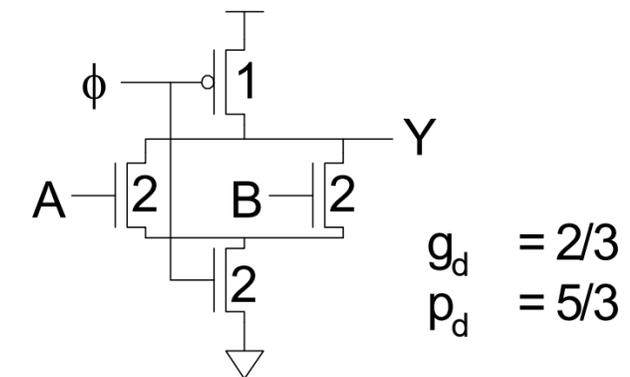
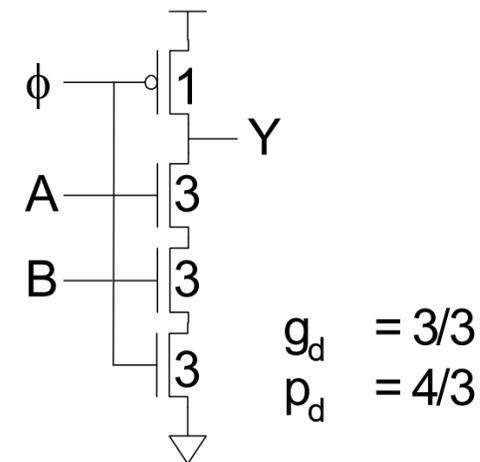
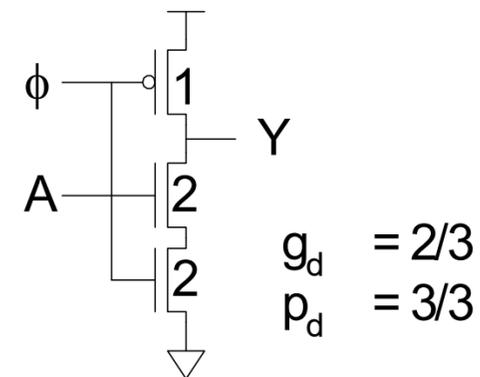
NAND2



NOR2



footed





Monotonicity Problems



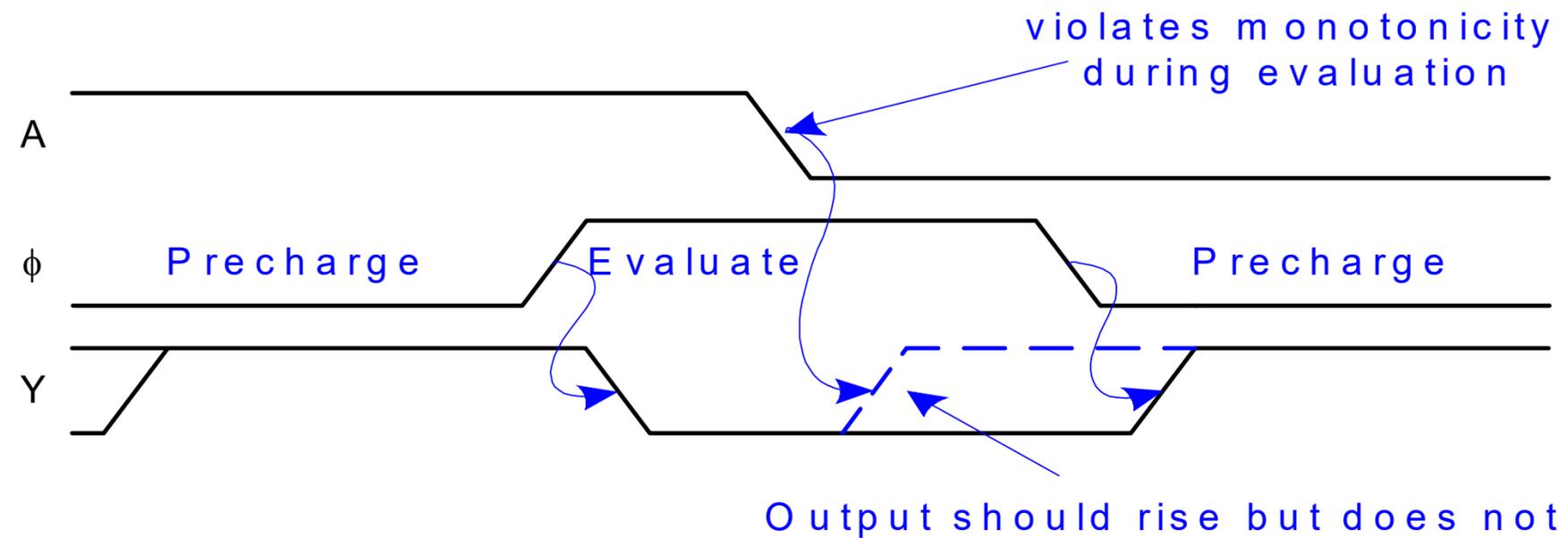
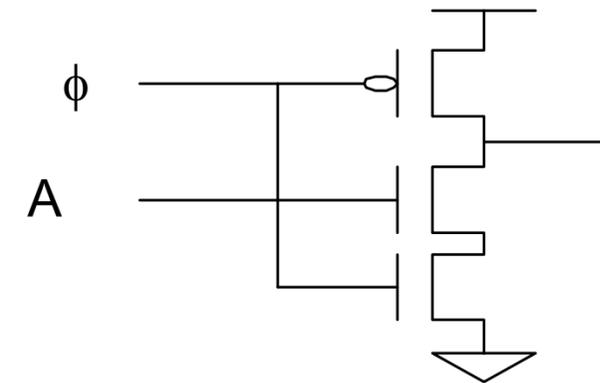
Dynamic gates require
monotonically rising inputs
during evaluation

0 -> 0

0 -> 1

1 -> 1

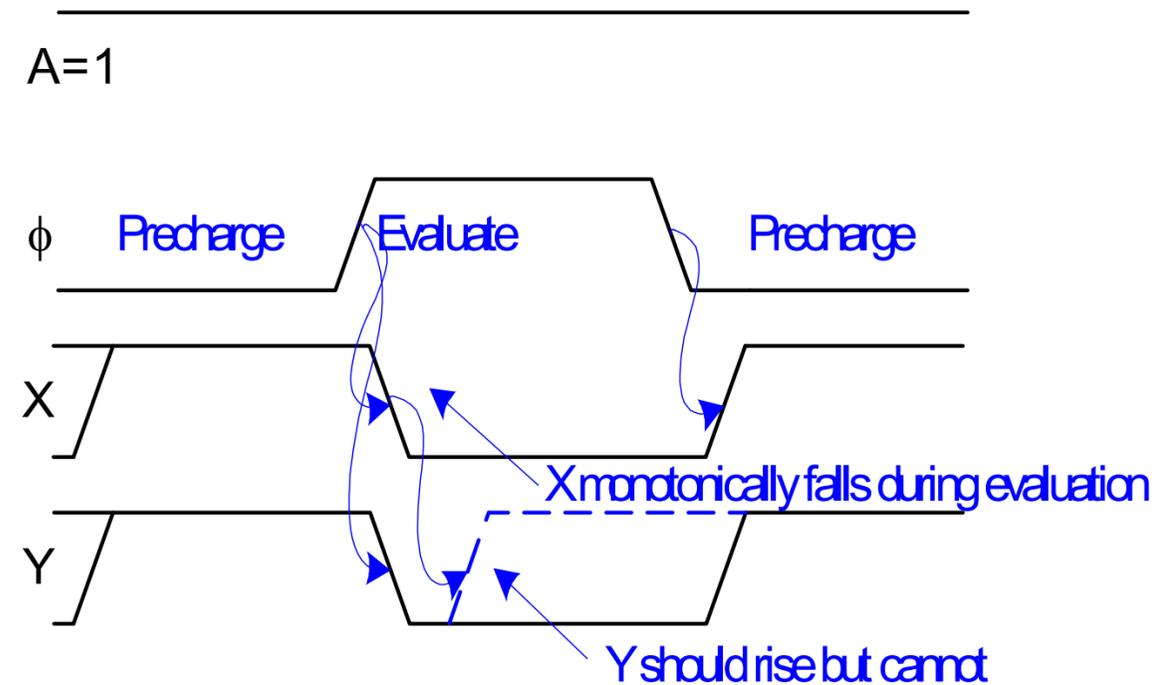
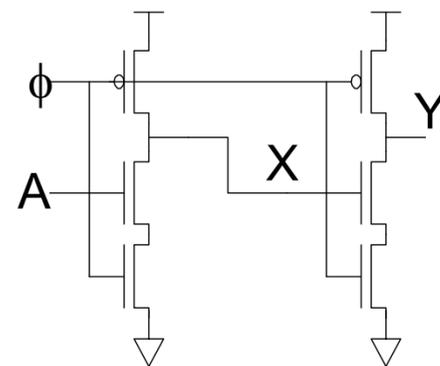
But not 1 -> 0





Monotonicity Woes

But dynamic gates produce monotonically falling outputs during evaluation
Illegal for one dynamic gate to drive another!

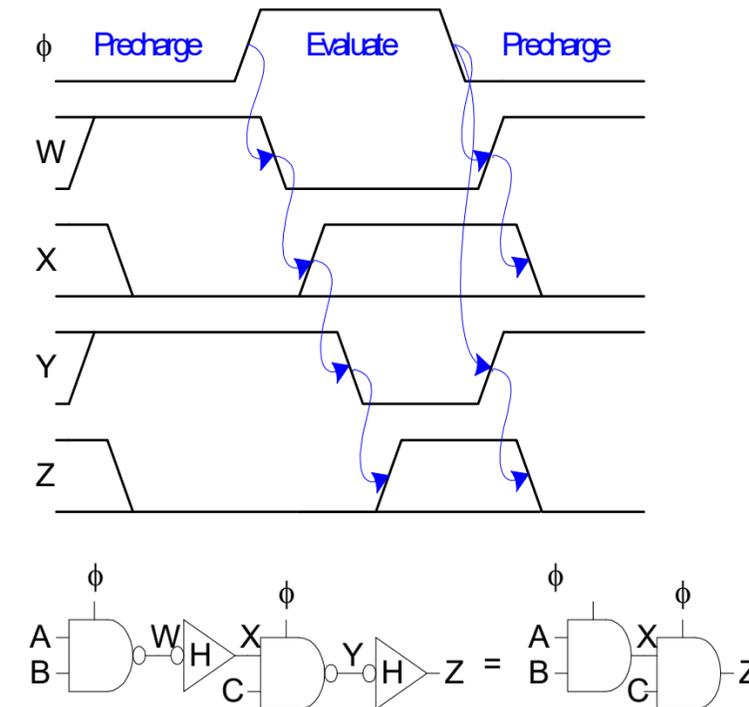
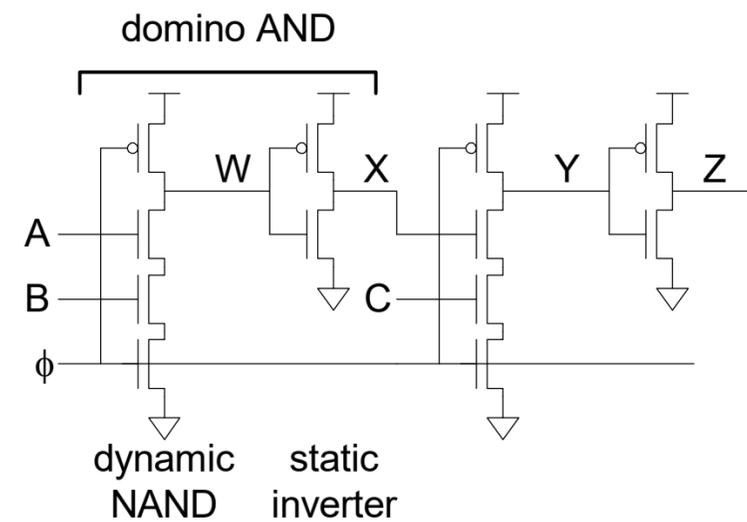




Domino Gates



Follow dynamic stage with inverting static gate Dynamic / static pair is called domino gate Produces monotonic outputs

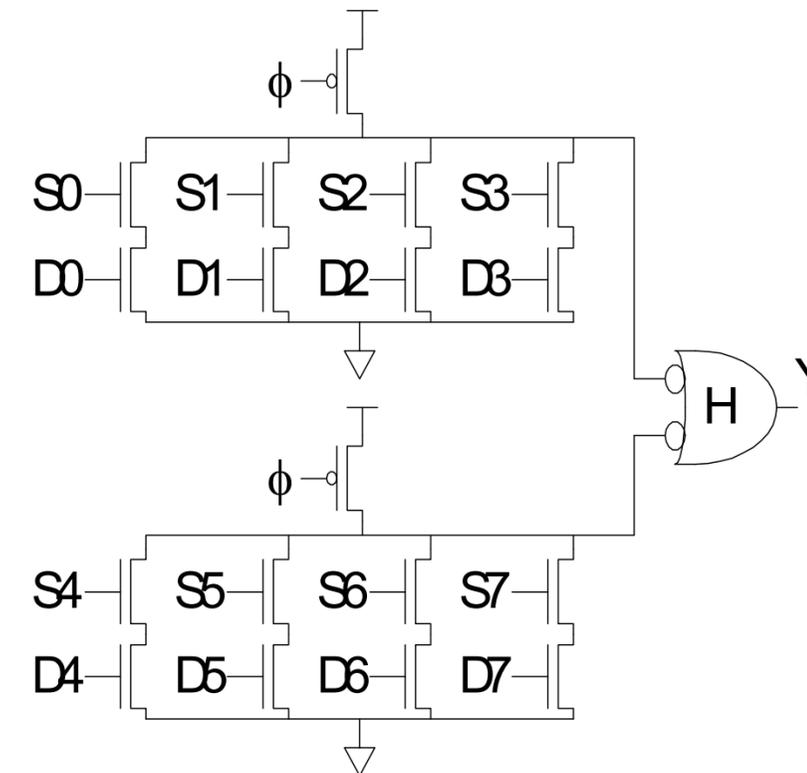




Domino Optimizations



- Each domino gate triggers next one, like a string of dominos toppling over
- Gates evaluate sequentially but precharge in parallel
- Thus evaluation is more critical than precharge
- HI-skewed static stages can perform logic



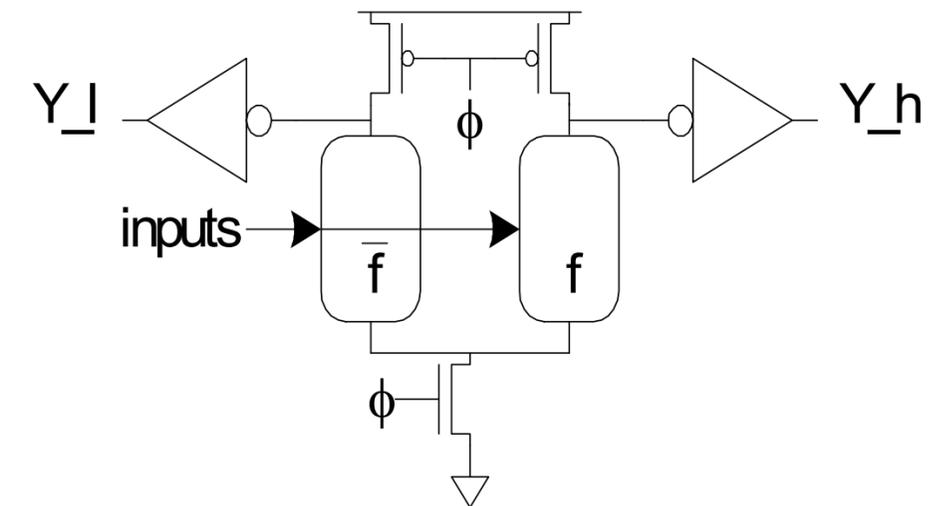


Dual-Rail Domino



- Domino only performs no inverting functions:
AND, OR but not NAND, NOR, or XOR
- Dual-rail domino solves this problem
Takes true and complementary inputs
Produces true and complementary outputs

sig_h	sig_l	Meaning
0	0	Precharged
0	1	'0'
1	0	'1'
1	1	invalid

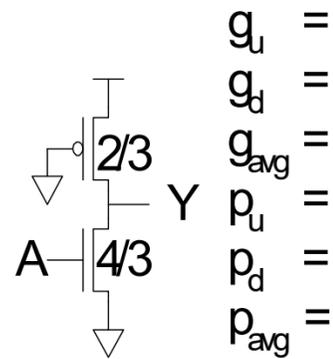




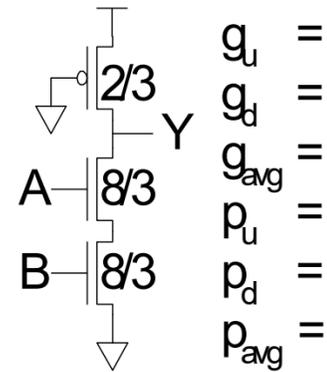
Assessment-Fill up the blanks



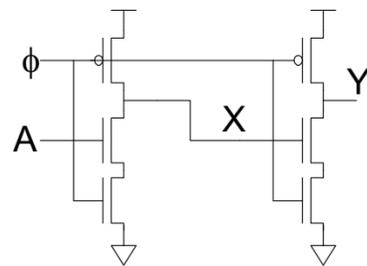
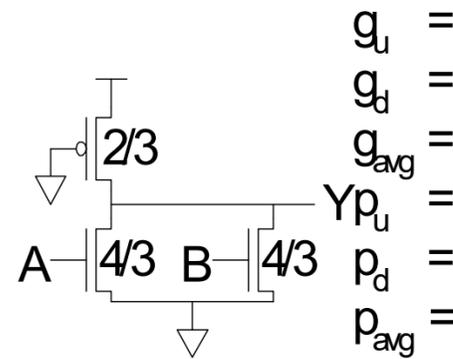
Inverter



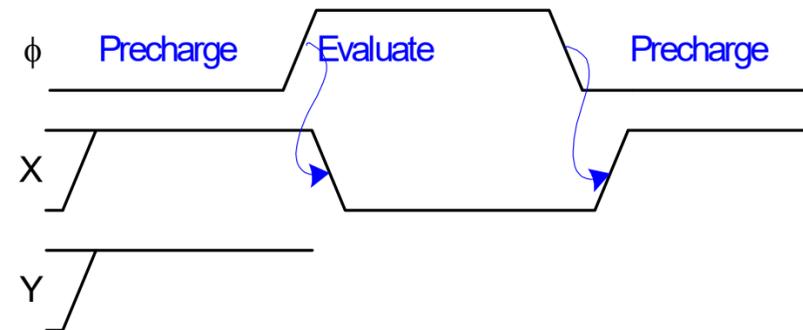
NAND2



NOR2



A=1



sig_h	sig_l	Meaning
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	



THANK YOU